



PRECIOUS TEACHINGS THAT AWAKEN THE HEART TO DIVINE SERVICE FROM THE HOLY MASTER 

RABBI SHNEUR ZALMAN OF LIADI 
TRANSLATED AND EXPLAINED

לקוטי תורה

פַרשַת נְצַבִים – רֹאשׁ הַשְּׁנַה

מַאַמָר

בִּי קָרוֹב אֵלֶיךָ

"Our Ability to Renew Creation"

www.**LEARN** CHASSIDUS.com

In collaboration with:

www.ChassidutBehirah.com





## ב"ה

## Please Donate to Keep this Project Going!

Please help this project continue so that Torah Or and Likutei Torah will be available to Jews around the world in the language they understand.

Please become a monthly donor of \$18.

Please make yourself available to the Alter Rebbe, who wants his maamarim to be available to every Jew in the world.

Please take 5 minutes and sign up online at <a href="https://www.Donorbox.org/LearnChassidus">www.Donorbox.org/LearnChassidus</a> to become a monthly donor of \$18.

With these \$18 a month, you will have the tremendous merit of having translated the Torah Or and Likutei Torah, making it available to Jews all around the world, and will receive the tremendous merit and blessings that come with that!

For additional sponsorship opportunities, or questions on the project, email me at lessonsinlikutaytorah@gmail.com

# Likutay Torah לקוטי תורה

# פָּרָשַׁת נִצָּבִים - רֹאשׁ הַשָּׁנָה

מַאַמָר

בִּי קַרוֹב אֵלֶיךְ¹

'א מ"ו עַמוּד א'

## "Our Ability to Renew Creation"

## (8) Chapter 1

In Parshas Nitzavim, Moshe Rabeinu tells the Jewish People that the fulfillment of the Torah and Mitzos is very accessible and doable. First, the Alter Rebbe will explain these verses on a mystical level. Then, he will apply the verses to our service of Hashem on Rosh Hashanah, which is always in the week following Parshas Nitzavim:

"[כִּי הַמִּצְוָה הַזֹּאת אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכִי מְצַוְךְ הַיוֹם לֹא נִפְּלֵאת הַוֹא הָחֹקָה הִוֹא]...כִּי קָרוֹב אֵלֶיךְ הָוֹא מִמְּךְ וְלֹא רְחֹקָה הִוא]...כִּי קָרוֹב אֵלֶיךְ הַּוֹא מִמְּךְ נְּבְלְבֶרְ לְעֲשֹׁתוֹ] וְגוֹי"¹ הַדָּבֶר מְאַד בְּפִירְ (וּבִלְכָבְךְ לַעֲשֹׁתוֹ] וְגוֹי"¹ (פַרַשַׁתֵנוֹ ל, יא-יד):

"For this mitzvah that I (Hashem) command you today, it is not command you today, it is not בְּלֵאת: -removed' or 'בְּלָאת: from you, rather it is very accessible to you, in your mouth and in your heart, to do it." (Devarim 30:11-14)

לְהָבִין כָּפֶל הַלְּשׁוֹן בְּמַה שֶׁנֶאֲמַר תְּחִלָּה "לא נִפְלֵאת הִיא מִמְךְ וְלֹא רְחוֹלָה הִיא" (פַרַשַּׁתִנוֹ לִ,יא).

To understand this verse, we first need to understand the double expression, "It is not בַּבְּלָאת' removed' or 'קַּקְקּה' from you."

<sup>ַ</sup>ר (נַאַמַר שַׁבָּת בַּרַשַׁת נַצַבִּים, כ"ג אֱלוּל תקס"ג, שַבַּת שֵׁקוֹרֵם רֹאשׁ הַשָּׁנָה תקס"ד).

<sup>ַ? (</sup>פֶּרֶק ה' דְעֵירוּבִין, נ"ד, א' ["אֵימָתַי קָרוֹב אֵלֶיךְ? בִּזְמַן שֶׁ**בְּפִיךְ וּבִלְבָרְךְ לַעֲשׂוֹתוֹ**"].

<sup>ַ</sup>רַבּוֹת: כִּי תִשָּׁא, פָּרָשָה וַמ"]ז ["שֶׁהְהֵא יָגֵעַ בָּהֶם בְּפִיךְ. וְכֵן הוּא אוֹמֵר: בְּפִיךְ וּבִלְּבָבְךְ לַעֲשׂתוֹ"]. וְסוֹף פָּרָשַׁת נִצָּבִים. "תָּנָא דְבֵי אֵלָיָהוּ": חֵלֶק א', פֶּרֶק כ"ז. חֵלֶק ב', פֶּרֶק י"ד).

אַךְ הִנֵּה "נִפְלֵאת", עִם שֶׁהוּא לְשׁוֹן **פֶּלֶא** הוּא גַם כֵּן לְשׁוֹן **הַפְּרְשָׁה**, כְּמוֹ "לְפַלָּא נֶדֶר" (בְּפָרָשַׁת אֱמוֹר כ"ב, כ"א) וְתַרְגוּמוֹ: "לְפָּרָשָא". וִכֵן פֵּירֵשׁ רַשִׁ"י שָׁם: לְהַפִּרִישׁי.

However, the idea is as follows:
The word 'נְּפְלֵאת'-removed'
comes from the word 'בָּפֶּלָא'-separation,' as in the verse,
"אַפָּלָא'-to separate oneself from
something permissible יָנֶדֶר with a
vow," as both the Targum
Unkelos and Rashi translate it
there.

ְוְהֶעְנָיֶן, כִּי: "תְּלַת דַרְגִּין אִינּוּן מִתְקַשְּׁרָאן דָא בְּדָא: קוּדְשָׁא בְּרִיךְ־הוּא וְאוֹרַיִיתָא וְיִשְׂרָאֵל. וְכָל חַד, דַּרְגָּא עַל דַּרְגָּא, סָתִים וגליא"\*.

This idea will be understood from the following quote of the Holy Zohar (III, 73a): "There are three 'levels' that are bound up with each other: Hashem, the Torah, and the Jewish People. Each of these three levels has a 'סָתִים' -inden,' inner aspect, and a 'בַּלְיָא' revealed, outer aspect."

פֵּירוּשׁ: שֶׁכָּל אֶחָד הוּא בִּבְחִינַת "סוֹבֵב" וּ"מִמַלָּא":

Meaning that each one of these three 'levels' has a 'Soveiv-encompassing' aspect, and a 'Memalei-permeating' aspect.

"מְמַלֵּא" הוּא בִּבְחִינַת הַלְבָּשָׁה וַהֲשָׂגָה וְנָקָרָא "גַּלִּיָא"ּ, 'Memalei' is the aspect that can be limited to a format that can be understood and grasped, and is

<sup>ַ (</sup>וְכַנִּזְכָּר מִזֶּה (לְעֵיל פָּרָשַׁת צַו ז, ג וָאֵילָךְ) בְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "וַאֲכַלְתֶּם אָכוֹל" (יוֹאֵל ב, כו. גַבֵּי **"לְהַפְלִיא**" (שָׁם). וְאֶפְשָׁר שֶׁהֵם עִנְיָן אֶחָד. כִּי מֵה שֶׁהוּא מוּפְרָשׁ וּמוּבְדָּל הֲרֵי זֶה כְּעִנְיַן הַפֶּּלֶא, שֶׁהוּא גַּם כֵּן עִנְיַן הַמְּכוּסֶּה וְנָעֱלָם וְאֵינוֹ מוּשָׂג. וְכֵן כָּתַב בַּ"שָׁרָשִׁים").

<sup>ָ</sup>רָבְאוּרֵי הַוֹּהַר לְהַצֶּמָח צֶדֶק כֶּרֶךְ א עַמוּד תקל: "וְהִנֵּה הַשְּׁרָשִׁים בְּשֹׁרֶשׁ פֶּלֶא עָשוּ שְׁנֵי שָׁרְשִׁים: אֶחָד – לְשׁוֹן פֶּלֶא מַה שָׁאֵינוֹ מוּשָּׂג, הַב' – לְשוֹן הַפָּרָשָׁה וְהַבְּדֶּלָה וּפֵירוּד כְּמוֹ "לְפַלֵּא נֶדֶר", וְבֵן פֵירֵשׁ רַשִּׁ"י גַּבֵּי לְפַלֵּא נֶדֶר". וִשָּׁם מִצַיֵּין לָכַאן).

⁴ (זֹהַר חֵלֶק ג עג, א).

<sup>ַּ</sup> וּכְמוֹ שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר בְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "וְנִקְדַּשְׁתִּי בְּתוֹךְ בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל" (לְעֵיל אֱמוֹר לא, א וָאֵילָךְ), בְּכֵירוּשׁ וְעָנִיַ "**עַלְמֵא דָאָתגַלָיִיא**".

therefore called 'the גַּלְיָאrevealed, outer aspect.'

וָ"סוֹבֶב" הוא לִמַעלָה מֵהַדַעַת וְהַהַשְּגָה ּיּ

The level of 'Soiveiv' is above our ability to know and understand, and is therefore 'סָתִים'-hidden' from us.

וּבַתּוֹרָה יֵשׁ גַּם כֵּן גַּלְּיָא וְסָתִים׳, וּבְנִשְׁמוֹת יִשְׂרָאָל יֵשׁ גַּם כֵּן גַּלִיָא וְסַתִיםּ.

In the Torah as well, there are these two levels of 'בַּלְיָא,' revealed' and 'בְּלִיָּא,' hidden;' and in the Jewish people also there are these two levels of 'בַּלְיָא,' revealed' and 'בַּלִיָּא,' hidden.'

וְיִ**שְּׂרָאֵל מִתְקַשְּׁרָאן בְּאוֹרַיִיתָא** – שֶׁהַשָּׂגַת הַתּוֹרָה מְלוּבָּשֶׁת בְּכָל אֶחָד וְאֶחָד מִיִשְׂרָאֵל, We quoted from the Zohar that "The Jewish People are connected to the Torah." This means that the knowledge of the Torah is already invested in every single Jew,

בְּמוֹ שֶׁבָּתוֹב (רוּת ד, ז): "וְזֹאת לְּפָנִים בְּיִשְׂרָאֵל", "וְאֵין 'זֹאת' אֶלָּא תּוֹרָה" -שָׁהִיא מִלוּבֵשֶׁת בִּפְנִימִיוּת כוּי׳. as it says, (Rus 4:7) "And יזאתי this' was 'לְּבָנִים'-before' in the Jewish People."<sup>11</sup> The word - דואת

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> וְעַיֵּין מַה שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר בְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "וְיָדַעְתָּ הַיּוֹם" גַבֵּי **דַעַת וָאֵמוּנָה** (לְעֵיל וָאֶתְחַנַּן ד, א וְאֵילְךְ). וּמַה שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר בְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "וַיַּרָא יִשְׂרָאֵל אֶת כוּ' וַיַּאֲמִינוּ בַּה'" (תּוֹרָה אוֹר בְּשַׁלַּח סב, א).

יוֹכָמוֹ שֵׁנְתָבָּאֵר בִּדְבּוּר הַמַּתִחִיל "תּוֹרָה צְנָה" (לִקְמַן פַּרְשַׁת בִּרָכָה).

<sup>\$</sup> כַּמְבוֹאָר: לְעֵיל עַל פָּסוּק "כִּי תֵצֵא" (לה, ג). וּבְדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "הַיּוֹם הַזֶּה [..] מְצַוְּךְ" (לְעֵיל מב, א). וּבְדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "יוֹנָתִי בְּחַגְוַי" (לְקַמֶּן שִׁיר הַשִּׁירִים טוֹ, ד).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> (עַבוֹדָה זָרָה ב, ב. הָנָא דְבֵי אֵלִיָּהוּ זוּטָא פַּרֵק א).

ים, ד). וּבְּדִבּוּר (לְעֵיל פֶּרָשַׁת רְאֵה יח, ד). וּבְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "רְאֵה אָנֹכִי נוֹתַן" (לְעֵיל פֶּרָשַׁת רְאֵה יח, ד). וּבְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "נְיָהִי מִקָּץ" (תּוֹרָה אוֹר לא, ג).

<sup>ּ</sup>וְעַיֵּין מֵענְיַן **"וְזֹאת לְפָנִים**": בְּרַבּוֹת: רֵישׁ פֶּרָשַׁת נָשֹא. וּבְרוּת עַל פָּסוּק זֶה. זֹהַר חֵלֶק ג', חְקַת, ק"פ סוֹף עַמוּד א').

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> According to the simple meaning, the verse is describing the process of acquisition (kinyan) by giving someone an object in order to a acquire a different object from that person, called "kinyan chalifin." This process was performed by Boaz when he wished to "acquire" the right to marry Rus from a closer relative of her former husband, Machlon.

this' is a reference to the Torah, and the word לְּבָנִים' -before' can also mean לְבָּנִים' -to their innermost being.' Thus, the phrase can be interpreted, "And this Torah is already invested within the soul of every Jew."

וְאוֹרַיְיתָא מִתְקַשְׁרָאָה בְּקוּדְשָׁא בְּרִיךְ־ הוּא - דְאוֹרַיְיתָא וְקוּדְשָׁא בְּרִיךְ־הוּא כּוֹלָא חַד². The quote from the Zohar continues: "And the Torah is connected to Hashem," since "the Torah is completely unified with Hashem."

וְהַיִּינוּ שֶׁהַתּוֹרָה הִיא הַמְּמוּצָע הַמְּחַבֵּר וּמְקַשֵּׁר בְּחִינַת אֱלֹהוּתוֹ יִתְבָּרֵךְ בְּנִשְׁמוֹת יִשְׂרָאֵל, בְּבִחִינַת מִמֵלֵּא וּבִבְחִינַת סוֹבֵב:

Meaning that the Torah is the intermediary that connects and binds Hashem's Divinity with the Jewish People, and this is true regarding the levels of both 'Memalei' and 'Soveiv.'

שֶׁיְהֵא הִתְקַשְּׁרוּת בְּחִינַת גַּלְיָא שֶׁבְּנִשְׁמוֹת יִשְׂרָאֵל לִבְחִינַת גַּלְיָא דְּהַקָּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּךְ־הוּא - בְּחִינַת 'מְמֵלֵא כָּל עָלְמִין'.

The Torah connects the 'בּלְיָא' revealed' aspect of Jewish souls to the 'בְּלִיָא' revealed' aspect of Hashem, which is how He is 'Memalei-permeates all worlds,'

וּבְחִינַת פְּנִימִיוּת וְסָתִים שֶׁבְּנִשְׁמוֹת־ יִשְרָאֵל לבְחִינַת 'סוֹבֵב כָּל עָלִמִין'. and it [the Torah] connects the inner, 'סְתִּים'-hidden' aspect of Jewish souls to the inner, 'סְתִים' hidden' aspect of Hashem, which is how He is "Soveivencompassing all worlds."

וְהַיִינוּ עַל יְדֵי דְּאוֹרַיִיתָא גַּם כֵּן "סָתִים וְהַלְיָא"נּ. וְגַלָּיָא"נּ.

The Torah is able to do this because it also has these two levels

He gave his shoe in exchange for the rights to marry Rus. The simple meaning of the verse "וְוֹאַת לְפָנִים בְּיִשְׂרָאֵל" is that "This (process of acquisition) was a longtime (custom) among the Jewish People."

<sup>21</sup> עיין [בּוֹהר] בּפרשת בּשׁלח (דף ס' סוֹף עמוּד א').

<sup>13 (</sup>וְעַיֵּין מַה שֶׁנִּתָבָּאֵר: בִּדְבּוּר הַמַּתִחִיל "וְלֹא תַשְׁבִּית מֶלַח" (לְעֵיל וַיִּקְרָא ה, ג). וְסוֹף דְּבּוּר

וְזֶהוּ "כִּי הַמִּצְוָה הַוֹּאתכּוּ׳ לֹא נִפְלֵאתּ וְגוֹּ"-רְצוֹנוֹ לוֹמֵר, שֶׁאֵינוֹ מוּפְרָשׁ מִמְךָ כְּלָל, דְהַיְינוּ שֶׁהִיא בְּחִינַת מְמַלֵּא, שֶׁמְּתְלַבֵּשׁ בְּתוֹךְ עַצְמוּת נִשְׁמוֹת־יִשְׂרָאֵל. of 'סָתִים-hidden' and -גַלְיָא' revealed.'

This is the meaning of the verse, "For this Mitzvah that Hashem commands you, 'הַלְּאַתִּי -it is not removed' from you." The verse means to say that it is not separate from you at all, since it is a reference to the level of 'Memalei' of the Torah, which is already invested in the essence of the soul of each Jew.

"וְלֹא רְחוֹקָה הִיא" – בְּחִינַת סוֹבֵב, שֶׁאֵינָה מִתְלַבָּשֶׁת, אֲבָל אֵינָה רְחוֹקָה – שֶׁמֵּאִיר דֶּרֶךְ מַקִּיף. And when the verse says, "It is not 'הְקְחוֹקְ-far," this is a reference to the level of 'Soveiv' of the Torah, which is not directly invested in us, but is not far away either, since it shines into us in an encompassing manner.

וּפֵירוּשׁ "אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכִי מְצַוְּךְ הַּיּוֹם" (פָּרְשָׁתֵנוּ ל, יא): הַיִּינוּ כִּי "בְּכָל יוֹם יִהְיוּ בְּעֵינֶיךְ בַּחֲדָשִׁים". כִּי הַתּוֹרָה נִצְחִית, וּבְכָל יוֹם אנוּ אוֹמרים "היוֹם".

The meaning of the words in the verse, "That I, (Hashem), command you today," is that every day, the Torah and Mitzvos should be in our eyes like something new, since the Torah is eternal and unchanging, and every day we say that it is "today" that we are receiving the Torah and Mitzvos.

וְכֵן: "וְהָיוּ הַדְּבָרִים הָאֵלֶה אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכִי מְצַוְּךְ הַיּוֹם" (וָאֶתְחַנַן וּ, וּ), אָמְרוּ רַזַ"לײַ: "שֶׁיּהִיוּ

**Similarly**, regarding the verse, (Devarim 6:6) "[Hashem says:] **And** 

הַמַּתְחִיל "שׁוּבָה יִשְׂרָאֵל" (לְקַמֶּן שִׁיר הַשִּׁירִים סה, ג).

וְעַיֵּין מַה שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר בַּבּיאוּר עַל פָּסוּק "וְעָשוּ לָהֶם צִיצִית" (בַּסִידוּר עִם דַא"ח ג, ג וָאֵילָךְ), בְּעִנְיַן "עוֹטָה אוֹר כַּשַּׂלְמָה", וּבְענְיָן שֶׁ"הַתּוֹרָה נִיתְּנָה בְּאֵשׁ שְׁחוֹרָה עַל גַּבֵּי אֵשׁ לְבָנָה", דְּהַיְינוּ שֶׁיֵשׁ בָּהּ פָּנִימִיוּת וְחִיצוֹנִיּוֹת כוּ').

<sup>.</sup> יַ מְסְפְּרֵי. מָקָבוֹא כו, טז. עֵקֶב יא, יג מְסְפְּרֵי. מָנְחוּמָא (בּוֹבֶּר) יִתְרוֹ יג, י. הוּבָא בְּרַשִׁ"י: תָּבוֹא כו, טז. עֵקֶב יא, יג מְסְפְּרֵי.  $^{14}$ 

ַבַּעֵינֵיךְ כַּחֲדַשִׁים".

these words of Torah of Mine that I command you today, should be on your heart." Our Sages commented, "This means that every day the words of Torah should be like something new in your eyes." (Midrash Tanchuma on Shemos 13:10)

וּכְמַאֲמָר "הַיּוֹם לַעֲשׂוֹתָם, וּלְמָחָר לְקַבֵּל שִׂכַרַם"ּה,

As it says, "<u>Today</u> is for doing the Mitzvos, and <u>tomorrow</u> is for receiving their reward."

שֶׁכָּל עוֹלָם־הַזֶּה עַד "לְמָחָר" שֶׁהוּא קִבּוּל שָׂכָר נִקְרָא "הַיּוֹם". We see that the entire time of This World (when we do Mitzvos), up until "tomorrow" – meaning the World to Come, which is the time of the reward – is called "today."

וּבְרֹאשׁ־הַשָּׁנָה אָנוּ אוֹמְרִים<sup>ת</sup>: "זֶה הַיּוֹם תְּחַלַת מִעֲשֶׂיךָ" - שָׁכָּל ראשׁ־הַשָּׁנָה נַעֲשֶׂה בִּבְחִינַת "הַיּוֹם" מֵחָדָשׁ וְנִמְשַׁךְ עַל כָּל הַשַּׁנַה.

Now, on Rosh Hashana we say, "This day is the beginning of Your (Hashem's) works," meaning that on every Rosh Hashana there is a new "today," which brings a new ability to fulfill Mitzvos (ie. a new "today to do the Mitzvos"), and this new strength and capability to fulfill Mitzvos is then drawn down into the rest of the year.

אַךְ צָרִיךְ לְּהָבִין מַה שֶּׁאָמְרוּ רַזַ"לּיּ: "אָדָם נִּרּוֹן בְּכָל יוֹם"?

However, we need to understand what our Sages said, (Rosh Hashana 16a) "A person is judged every day," not only on Rosh Hashana.

ָוָאֶתְחַנַּן וּ, וֹ. הוּבָא בְּלָקַח טוֹב שָׁם. וּבַמִּדְרָשׁ אַגָּדָה שָׁם).

<sup>ַ</sup>לְעֵיל דְּבָרִים א, א־ב). אַ וְעַיֵּין מַה שֶׁנָתָבָּאֵר מִזֶּה בִּדְבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "צִיוֹן בְּמִשְׁפָּט תִפָּדֶה" (לְעֵיל דְּבָרִים א, א־ב).

<sup>16 (</sup>עַבוֹדָה זַרָה ג, א).

<sup>17 (</sup>בִּתְפָלַת מוּסָף).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> (רֹאשׁ השׁנה טז, א).

נֵם רֹאשׁ־חֹדֶשׁ נִקְרָא "רָאשִׁי־חֲדָשִׁים"יּי; וָכֵן שַׁבָּת:

Also, Rosh Chodesh is called "the heads of the months," and Shabbos is the head of the week, so every month Hashem gives a new power for the entire month, and on Shabbos for the entire week.

"מִדֵּי חֹדֶשׁ בְּחָדְשׁוֹ, וּמִדֵּי שַׁבָּת בְּשַׁבַּתּוֹ" (יִשַּעָיָה סו, כג). like it says, "And it will be that every month on Rosh Chodesh, and every week on Shabbos, all flesh will come before Me (to be judged), says Hashem." (Yeshaya 66:23)

We see that not only on Rosh Hashana are we "judged" to receive new strength to fulfill Mitzvos, but also every Rosh Chodesh, every Shabbos, and even every day! If so, what is the unique significance of Rosh Hashanah, that we say, "This day is the beginning of Your works?"

ּוְהָעִנְיָן: שֶׁהוּא יִתְבָּרֵךְ לְמַעְלָה מֵהַזְּמָן.

The idea is that Hashem is beyond the limitations of time.

לָכֵן כָּל בְּחִינַת זְמַן שֶׁל שֵׁשֶׁת יְמֵי בְּרֵאשִׁית בְּמַחֲשָׁבָה אַחַת נִבְרָא<sup>0</sup>, "צוֹפֶה וּמַבִּיט עַד סוֹף כָּל הַדּוֹרוֹת" בִּסְקִירָה וְהֶאָרָה אחת. Therefore, all of the time of the "Six Days of Creation," a reference to the six thousand years of creation,<sup>22</sup> were created in one 'thought' of Hashem, as we say in the Rosh Hashana prayers, "Who gazes and peers until the end of all generations," in one look and glimpse.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> (זהר חלק ב שמות כ, א.)

<sup>21 (</sup>מוּסָף דְרֹאשׁ הַשָּׁנָה. וּרְאֵה רֹאשׁ הַשָּׁנָה יח, א.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> It says in Tehillim (chapter 90), "A thousand days in Your eyes are like a day that has passed," thus comparing one of Hashem's "days" to one thousand of our years. Thus, the reference here to the time of the "Six Days of Creation" is actually a reference to the time of the six thousand years of creation, when things function in the natural order. In the seventh millennium and onwards, the world will function in a supernatural manner, as explained elsewhere.

בְּמוֹ שֶׁבָּתוּב (זְכַרָיָה ט, יד): "וְיָצָא כַ**בְּרָק** חִצוֹ", שֶׁהוּא בְּדֶרֶךְ סְקִירָה וְהָאָרָה אַחַת בָּל שִׁבְעַת יְמֵי בְּרֵאשִׁית וִימוֹת־הַמְּשִׁיחַ וּתחיִית־המתים. As it says, (Zecharya 9:14) "His 'arrow' goes forth like a flash of lightning," referring to the flash of His one 'thought' that can see and perceive all of the "Seven Days of Creation" the seven thousand years of creation at one time. This includes also the Days of Moshiach and the era of the Resurrection of the Dead.

Previously, the Alter Rebbe mentioned that Hashem's one 'thought' encompasses the first six thousand years of creation. In these six thousand years, the world operates according to the natural order.

Here, the Alter Rebbe adds the "Seven Days of Creation," referring to the seven thousand years of creation,<sup>23</sup> including the seventh millennium, when the world will operate supernaturally. This time period includes the time of Moshiach (the end of the sixth millennia) and of the Resurrection of the Dead (in the beginning of the seventh millennia).

וְכֵן "חֲמִשִּׁים אֱלְפִּים יוֹבְלוֹת"״, שֶׁהֵם גִּילוּיִם וַעֲלִיוֹת בְּעִילוּי אַחַר עִילוּי – כּוּלְם נִבְרָאוּ בְּמַחֲשָׁבָה אַחַת, שֶׁהוּא חַיּוּת כָּלַלוּת״. So too, there are "50,000 Yovel (Jubilee) cycles," i.e. 2.5 million levels of awareness of Hashem, which are levels of Divine Revelation and spiritual ascent, elevation after elevation, all of these millions of levels were created in one 'thought' of

<sup>24</sup> (תְּמַשִּׁים שָּׁלֶּף יוֹבְּלוּה: רְאֵה שַׁ"ךְ עַל הַתּוֹרָה עַל הַפָּסוּק (בְּהַר כה, ג): "שֵׁשׁ שָׁנִים תְּזְרֶע שֶּׂרֶךְ – שִׁית אַלְפֵּי שְׁנִין, שֵׁשׁ שָׁנִים תִּזְמֹר בַּרְמֶךֶ – רֶמֶז עַל שִׁיתָּא אַלְפֵי שְׁמִישִּין, וְאָסַפְּתָ אֶת תְּבוּאָתָה – תְּבוּאַת ה', שֶׁאַחַר שִׁיתָּא אַלְפֵי שְׁמִישוֹת יִהְיוֹ בְּנֵי הָעוֹלָם הַבָּא, שֶׁתִּפְעוֹל הַבִּינָה שֶׁהֵם חֲמִשִּים אֶלֶף יוֹבְלוֹת שֶׁכּוּלָם מְנוּחָה".

נְזְכָּר גַם לְעֵיל נָשֹא כ, ד. וָאֶתְחַנַּן ז, ג. וּרְאֵה גַם סֵפֶּר הַמַּאֲמָרִים תקס"ב עַמּוּד רכז, וְעַם הַגָּהוֹת בְּאוֹר הַתּוֹרָה קֹרַח עַמוּד תרסח. מַאֲמָרֵי אַדְמוּ"ר הָאֶמְצָעִי נַ"ךְ עַמוּד רד. יָהֵל אוֹר עַמוּד תקנה).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> See previous English footnote.

<sup>. [</sup>עײַן מַה שֶׁנִתְבָּאֵר מִזֶּה בַּבֵּיאוּר עַל פָּסוּק "יוֹנָתִי בְּחַגְוֵי הַסֶּלַע" (לְקַמָּן שִׁיר הַשִּׁירִים)]  $^{25}$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> A Yovel (Jubilee) is a cycle of 50 years. In our context, it refers to 50 spiritual levels. 50,000 Yovel cycles equals 2,500,000 years (50x50,000=2,500,000). Thus, 50,000 Yovel cycles, in the context of the maamar, refers to 2.5 million spiritual levels of awareness of Hashem.

**Hashem, which is the general Life-Force** of all the worlds and levels, and all of time.

בְּמוֹ שֶׁבָּתוֹב (תְּהִלִּים קמה, טז): "פּוֹתֵחַ אֶת יַדְרָ וִמִשׁבִּיע לכל חִי רְצוֹן": As it is written, (Tehillim 145:16) "You (Hashem) open your hand, and satisfy 'לְבֶל חַי '-to every living thing' with its 'רָצוֹן'-desire.'"

שָׁיֵשׁ כַּמָּה בְּחִינַת "חַי", כְּמוֹ שֶׁכָּתוּב־2: "חַי חַי – הוא יודוּךְ",

Meaning that there are many levels and types of living beings, each one receiving unique life from Hashem, as it is written, (Yeshaya 38:19) "Each and every living being will thank you."

לָבֵן נָאֱמַר "לְכָל חַי", שֶׁכָּל עוֹלָם מְקַבֵּל חַיּוּתוֹ בִּפְרֵטִיּוּת,

This is why the verse says, "You satisfy the desire of every living being," since every world receives its own specific Life-Force from Hashem.

אֲבָל הַכֹּל הוּא בְּחִינַת **רָצוֹן** אֶחָד פָּשׁוּט, וּבְהִשְׁתַּלְשֵׁל לְדִיבּוּר עֶלְיוֹן נַעֲשֶׂה "עֲשֶׂרָה מאמרות".

However, all of the specific types of Life-Force derive from one singular, simple 'רַצוֹּן'-Desire of Hashem to create the world,' and when this desire comes down through a series of levels, until it reaches the level of the "Speech of Hashem Above," then it divides into "Ten Statements" of Creation that are recorded in the beginning of Parshas Bereishis, and into the specific life-force of each created being.

The Alter Rebbe is thus explaining the verse from Tehillim, "בּוֹתֵח אֶת יָדֶךְ -You open Your hand, וֹמֵשְׁבִּיעַ לְּבֶל חֵי -and you satisfy everything with a specific life-force, tailored to its own characteristics, רְצוֹן -all of these types of Life come from the one and the same general 'Desire' of Hashem to create and give life to

.(ישעיה לח, יט. ושם: "יוֹדרֶ").

the worlds and to their inhabitants. However, from the one general 'Desire' of Hashem to give life, all the specific variations of life among the creations are derived.

עַל דֶּרֶךְ מָשָׁל, "מִבְּשָׂרִי אֶחֶזֶה אֱלוֹהַ"ּ״, שֶׁהַדִּיבּוּר נָחְלָק לְפִרְטִי פְּרָטִים, וּבְמַחֲשָׁבָה הוּא כּוֹלֵל כָּל הַדְּבּוּרִים בָּמַחֲשָׁבָה אַחַת; By way of analogy, it says, (Iyov 19:26) "From my flesh I can 'see' an analogy for Hashem." Meaning that just like in a person's speech, the information becomes divided up into many specific details, but when it is still in his thought, all the information included in many words of speech is included in one thought.

מָבֶּל שֶׁבֵּן לְמַעְלָה – כָּל הַפְּרָטִים נִכְלָלִים בְּחֵיּוּת בְּלָלִי אֶחָד. : How much more so Above, regarding Hashem's 'Speech' and 'Thought,' that all of the specific types of life that is invested in each creature through Hashem's 'Speech,' are all included as one general Life-Force in Hashem's 'Thought."

ּרְּאָנֵה כָּל הַחַיּוּת שֶׁל כָּל הַשָּׁנָה הוּא נִמְשַׁךְ בִּרֹאשׁ־הַשָּׁנַה: Now, all of the Life of the year is drawn down on Rosh Hashana.

בִּי אָדָם נִבְרָא בְּרֹאשׁ־הַשָּׁנָה, וְהָעוֹלְם נִבְרָא בְּכ"ה בָּאֱלוּלּכּ, וּבְיוֹם וָי"ו נִבְרָא אָדָם "בְּצַלְמֵנוּ כִּדְמוּתֵנוּ" (בְּרֵאשִׁית א, כו), שֶהוּא כּוֹלֵל כָּל הַנִּבְרָאִים כּוּלָם כְּמוֹ שֶׁכָּתוּב (בְּרֵאשִׁית ב, ז) "וַיִּפַּח בְּאַפָּיו נִשְׁמַת חַיִּים", שֶׁהְיִתָה נִשְׁמָתוֹ כּוֹלֶלֶת כָּל הַנְּשָׁמוֹת.ּיּ. Since Adam (the first person) was created on Rosh Hashanah, whereas the world in general was created on the 25<sup>th</sup> of Elul, and on the sixth day of Creation Adam was created "in Hashem's 'image' and 'likeness." Meaning that his soul included the inner dimension and purpose of all of the creations,

<sup>.(</sup>אָיּוֹב יט, כו) <sup>28</sup>

<sup>29 (</sup>וַיִּקְרָא רַבָּה רֵישׁ פָּרָשָׁה כט. פְּסִיקְתָא בַּחוֹדֶשׁ הַשְּׁבִיעִי. פִּרְקֵי דְּרַבִּי אֶלְעָזָר רֵישׁ פֶּרֶק ח).

<sup>30 (</sup>שַׁעַר הַפְּסוּקִים פָּרָשַׁת תֵּצֵא. שַׁעַר הַגִּלְגוּלִים הַקְּדָּמָה וּ, זּ, יב. שַׁעַר הַפְּסוּקִים פָּרָשַׁת בְּרֵאשִׁית דְּרוּשׁ ג. וּמְצַיִּינִים שָׁם לְתַנְחוּמָא וּשְׁמוֹת רַבָּה פֵּרָשָׁה מ, ג).

as it is written, "And He (Hashem) blew into his (Adam's) nostrils a soul of Life," meaning that his soul contained all of the life of all the souls.

The idea of Adam being created "in Hashem's image and likeness," means that just like Hashem contains all of the life of every creature in Himself all at once, so too, on a micro-level, Adam's soul included all of the spiritual life of all the creations.

לָכֵן בְּכָל רֹאשׁ־הַשָּׁנָה נַעֲשֶׂה צֵירוּף חָדָשׁ – שָׁהוּא הָאָרָה מֵהַמָּקוֹר, שֶׁהוּא הַסּוֹבֵב – חַיוּת כָּלַלִי עַל כַּל הַשְּׁנַה. Therefore, on every Rosh Hashanah there is new letters<sup>31</sup> combination ofHashem's statement, "Let us make Adam in our image and likeness," and this 'new' statement is a revelation from the Source of Life, which encompasses all worlds, and is a general life-force for the entire vear.

וְכַל שַנַה וְשַנַה הוא צֵירוף לְחֵיות חַדַש.

And every year there is a new combination of letters in order to bring down a new life-force for the year.

וְאַחַר כָּךְ נִתְחַלֵּק לִפְּרָטִים שֶׁהֵם י"ב חֲדָשִׁים, וְכָל חֹדֶשׁ מְקַבֵּל חַיּוּת מֵהֶאָרַת

Afterward, the general life-force that was drawn down on Rosh

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> In Shaar HaYichud V'Haemuna of Tanya, the Alter Rebbe explains that the life of everything comes to it from Hashem by means of the letters of its Hebrew name. These letters are derived from the Ten Statements that Hashem uses to create the world. Even though the names of every creature are not spelled out directly in the Torah, the letters of the name of every creature are derived from the letters of the Ten Statements of Creation by means of various system, such as arranging the letters in different combinations, taking the numerical value of the letters, and other methods.

The Divine Utterance, "בְּצִלְמֵנוּ כַּדְמוֹנֵנּ בְּיָמוֹנְנֵּ לִּחִמוּנוּ בְּיִמוֹנְנִּ מִּבְּיִּהִים בּיִּמִּרְמֵנוּ בְּיִמוּנְנִּ מִּבְּיִּהִים -And Hashem said: Let us make Adam in our image and likeness," is the source of the life of Adam and of all mankind, and, by extension, all of creation. This is due to the fact that man is the inner life and purpose of everything else. Every year, on Rosh Hashanah, there is a new expression of this Divine Utterance, made up of a new combination of the letters, in order to produce a new life-force for mankind, and by extension, a new life for all of creation.

הַבְּלָל, וְהַיּוֹם הוּא הַבְּּרָט מִבְּלָל הַחֹדֶשׁ וּמְקַבֵּל מִמֶּנוּ חַיּוּתוֹ.

Hashanah becomes divided into allocations of energy, specific which are spread out over the twelve months, and each month receives its life from the general revelation of life (on Rosh Hashanah), and each day of the month receives its specific amount of Life from the general life-force revealed on Rosh Chodesh.

וְלָבֵן אָמְרוּ רַזַ"ל2: "אֵיזֶה חַג שֶׁהַחוֹדֶשׁ מִתְכַּסֶה בּוֹ? הוּא רֹאשׁ־הַשָּׁנָה" – שֶׁהוּא הַמָּקוֹר הַכּוֹלֵל.

Therefore, our Sages said, (Rosh Hashanah 8a) "Which holiday do we celebrate when the new moon is hidden? Rosh Hashanah." This is because it is the general source of life for the year.

לָכֵן הֶאָרַת הַחוֹדֶשׁ מִתְבַּטֵל בּוֹ כְּבִיטוּל זִיוּ־ הַשֵּׁמֵשׁ בַּשֵּׁמֵשׁיּיּ.

Therefore, the specific life-force associated with a particular month (the month of Tishrei) is nullified to the general life-force of the entire year, like a ray of light is nullified in front the entire light of the sun.

The day of Rosh Hashanah is also Rosh Chodesh Tishrei. However, we don't mention Rosh Chodesh in most of the prayers of Rosh Hashanah (except for one mention in Musaf). This is because Rosh Chodesh is only a specific allocation from the general Life-Force of Rosh Hashanah, and is therefore relatively insignificant in comparison to it. This is similar to how a small light is nullified and not noticeable in the presence of a much greater light.

בְּמַאֲמֶר "בָּרוּךְ **שֶׁאָמֵר וְהָיָה** הָעוֹלָם" – הוּא חַיּוּת־בִּלַלִי לִבָּל הַעוֹלַם.

This is similar to what we say in our daily prayers, (Baruch Sheamar) "Blessed be Hashem who spoke once and the world came into being," referring to the One

א). (ר'אשׁ הַשָּׁנָה ח, א). (ר'אשׁ הַשָּׁנָה ח

<sup>33 [</sup>וְעַיֵּין מַה שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר בְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "יָבִיאוּ לְבוּשׁ מַלְכוּת" (תּוֹרָה אוֹר צ, ד), גַּבֵּי "וְלָכֵן אָמְרוּ רַזַ"ל: **הַנְּבִיאִים וָהַכְּתוּבִים עַתִידִים לְהָבַּטֵל** כוּ". עַיֵּין שָׁם] .

Statement that contains the **general** life-force for the entire world.

וְזֶהוּ שֶׁאָמְרוּ רַזַ"לֹּיּ "וַהְלֹא בַּ**מַּאֲמָר אֶחָד** הָיָה יָכוֹל לְהִבָּרְאוֹת" – שֶׁהוּא הַחַיּוּת פַּללייּ. This is the meaning of what our Sages said, (Avos 5:1) "The world could have been created with One Statement," meaning, that on a certain level, the world actually was created with "One Statement," which is the general life-force of all of creation.

"בָּרוּךְ **אוֹמֵר וְעוֹשֶׂה**" - הוֹא הַ**פְּרָט** שֶׁהוֹא צֵירוּף חָדָשׁ לְכָל יוֹם™. The Baruch Sheamar prayer continues, "Blessed be Hashem who says and makes things." This refers to Hashem's specific "Statements" that bring down a specific life-force, which is a new letter combination for every day.

ְוְבֵן חַיוּת שֶׁל שָׁנָה זוֹ אֵינוֹ הַחַיוּת שֶׁל שָׁנָה שֶעֶבְרָה. וְזֶהוּ שֶׁאוֹמְרִים בְּרֹאשׁ־הַשְּׁנָה "זֶה הַיּוֹם תְּחִלַּת מַעֲשֶׁיךָ", שֶׁנַּעֲשֶׂה הָאָרָה מֵחַדַשׁ מֵהַבְּלַל.

Similarly, the life-force of one year is not the same the same life-force as the previous year. This is what we say in the prayers of Rosh Hashanah, "This day is the beginning of your works," since on this day there is a new revelation of energy for that year, from the general life-force that includes the life-force of all of the years, for all of time.

ּוְכֵן אֵצֶל הַתּוֹרָה נָאֱמַר "אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכִי מְצַוְּךְ

So too, regarding the Torah, it says, "These words (of the Torah)

<sup>(</sup>אָבוֹת רֵישׁ פֶּרֶק ה). (אָבוֹת רֵישׁ

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> [וְעַיֵּין מַה שֶׁכָּתַב הַרַמַ"ז, בְּפָּרָשַת תוֹלְדוֹת, בְּדַף קל"ה, עַמוּד א', בְּפֵירוּשׁ **״בַּמַאֲמָר אָחָד**״. עַיֵּין שֶׁם].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> [עַיֵין בַּזֹהַר: בְּשַׁלַח, דַף ס"ג, עַמוּד ב'. וּבְפָרָשַׁת יִתְרוֹ, דַף פ"ח, עַמוּד א'. וְעַיֵּין מַה שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר בְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "לְבָאֵר עִנְיַן יוֹם הַכִּפּוּרִים" (לְקַמֶּן סח, ג), גַּבֵּי: "כַּאֲשֶׁר יִתְבּוֹנֵן הַמַּשְׂכִּיל כִּי בֶּאֱמֶת **חָדָשִׁים לַבְּקָרִים** כוּ". יְעוּיַן שֶׁם].

**הַיּוֹם",** כִּי בָּאֱמֶת צָרִיךְ לֵירֵד דֶּרֶךְ הִשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת לְהִתְלַבֵּשׁ בִּוְמָן״נּ. that I (Hashem) command you today," since every day the Torah needs to descend through all the spiritual levels until it comes down to be expressed in actual time.

Just like on Rosh Hashanah a new Life from Hashem from a level that is beyond time, and includes all of time at once, is drawn down into a specific time of one year, so too, the Torah comes from a level beyond the limitations of time, and descends into the limitations of time.

וּבְכָל יוֹם יוֹרֵד הֶאָרָה חֲדָשָׁה מֵהַתּוֹרָה לְהִתְלַבֵּשׁ. Every day, there is a new revelation of the Torah that comes down into the limitations of time.

וְזֶהוּ שֶׁאָנוּ מְבָרְכִין בְּכָל יוֹם "נוֹתֵן הַתּוֹרָה" מחַדשׁ\*. This is why we say every day the blessing of "Blessed are You, Hashem, who gives the Torah," in the present tense, meaning, Who gives us today a new revelation of the Torah, from its level of existing beyond time to how it exists within the parameters of time.

וְבֵן בְּנֶסֶת־יִשְׂרָאֵל - "חֲדָשִׁים לַבְּקָרִים רַבָּה אֱמוּנָתָךְ" (אֵיכָה ג, כג):

**So too, the Jewish People's souls** are renewed each day, like it says, (Eicha 3:23) **"They are new every** 

ז [וְעַיֵּין מַה שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר בְּפָרָשַׁת עֵקֶב, בְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "וּלְהָבִין שׁרֶשׁ כוּ"', גַּבֵּי פֵירוּשׁ "עַל תּוֹרָתְרְ שָׁלְמַדְתָּנוּ" (לְעֵיל יז, ב: "תּוֹרָתְרְ הִיא בְּחִינַת תּוֹרָה דַּאֲצִילוּת, וְשֶׁלְמַדְתָּנוּ הִיא בְּחִינַת הַתּוֹרָה דְבִי"עַ")].

<sup>□ [</sup>וְעוֹד יוּבַן זֶה, עַל פִּי מַה שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר לְעֵיל סוֹף דִּבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "כִּי הַמִּצְוָה הַזֹּאת", גַּבֵּי "כָּל הַקּוֹרֵא וְשׁוֹנֶה בְּנֶגְדוֹ" (לְעֵיל מו, א: וְהַיִּינוּ הַמְשָׁבַת אוֹר אֵין־סוֹף בָּרוּךְ־הוּא לְּהִיוֹת נְמְשַׁךְ וּמִתְנַלֶּה בִּבְחִינַת "קֹרֵב וְשׁוֹנֶה": "קוֹרֵא" הוּא בְּחִינַת חָכְמָה־עִילְאָה – תוֹרָה־שֶׁבְּכְתָב, "וְשׁוֹנֶה" – תוֹרָה שְׁלֹבְיה בְּבְחִינַת "קֹרַב, "שְׁלֹנָה" – תוֹרָה שֶׁל שֶׁבְעל־פֶּה, הִיא בְּחִינַת חָכְמָה־תַּאָה; שֶׁבְּל הַמְשְׁבוֹת אֵלוּ מֵאֵין־סוֹף בָּרוּךְ־הוּא תְּלוּיוֹת בְּעַסֶק הַתוֹרָה שֶׁל יִשְׁרָאֵל לְמַשָּה, כִּי לוֹלֵי וֹאת הֲרֵי הַקְּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּךְ־הוּא מִצַּד עַצְמוֹ רֶם וְנִשָּׁא אֲפִילוּ מִבְּחִינַת חָכְמָה־עִילָּאָה.).

ןְעַיֵּין מַה שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר בְּדָבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "אֲנִי יְשׁנָה וְלִבִּי עֵר". גַּבֵּי: "וְהִנֵּה בְּאָ**תְעֲרוּתָא־דִּלְתַתָּא זוֹ –** אָתְעֲרוּתָא־דְּלְעֵילָא כוּ', וּכְמוֹ שֶׁכָּתוּב (תְּהִלִּים עח, ה): "וַיָּקֶם עֵדוּת בְּיַעֲקֹב כוּ". עַיֵּין שָׁם (לְקַמְּן שִׁיר הַשִּׁירִים כה, שִׁיר הַשִּׁירִים לג סוֹף עַמּוּד ד), וּבְדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "צְאֶינָה וּרְאֶינָה" (פֶּרֶק ג – לְקַמָּן שִׁיר הַשִּׁירִים כה, ג). וְעַיֵּין מַה שָׁנִתְבָּאֵר בְּפָרָשַׁת בְּשַׁלַח בְּדְבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "וַיֹּאמֶר משֶׁה אִכְלוּהוּ הַיּוֹם" (תּוֹרָה אוֹר סה, ב וַאִילַךְ).

morning, so that they can make great their faith in You (Hashem)."

שַׁבְּכָל יוֹם צָרִיךְ לִקְנוֹת בְּנַפְשׁוֹ אֱמוּנָה חַדָשָׁה מֵהַמָּקוֹר. Meaning that every day a person needs to re-awaken his faith in Hashem on new level. He then draws new faith from the source of faith in Hashem.

בִּי "נָמִים יֻצָּרוּ" (תְהַלִּים קלט, טז):

For, as it says in Tehillim, (139:16) "Days were formed by Hashem for each person,"

כָּל יְמֵי הָאָדָם שֶׁהֵם שִׁבְעִים שָׁנָה™ּ, הֵם "יָצָרוּ" וּקְצוּבִים לְאָדָם™ּ, that all the days of a person's life that are at least around seventy years, were formed and designated by Hashem, exactly how many years each person will live.

"וְלֹא אֶחָד בָּהֶם"(שָׁם), שֶׁהַקְּרִי הוּא בְּנִי"ו,

And the verse concludes, (ibid) "Days were formed by Hashem for each person 'וְלֹא'-when there was not' anyone created yet." This is according to the way 'וְלֹא' is written, with a letter א. However, according to how it is read, as 'וְלֹו' with a letter וּ, the meaning is 'וְלוֹ' with a letter וּ, the meaning is 'וְלוֹ' and to him.' So, we can read the verse, "יְמִים יְצָרוּ" Day were formed for each person, יְמִים יְצָרוּ" -is to reveal the Oneness of Hashem in each of those days."

שֶׁהַיָּמִים הַנִּקְצָבִים הוּא בִּשְׁבִיל שֶׁיִתְגַּלֶּה וְיִתְרַבֶּה הָאָרָה בָּאֵמוּנָה, בְּתוֹסֶפֶּת חָדָשׁ This means that the days that Hashem designated as the life

<sup>9 (</sup>תָהָלִים צ, י: "יָמֵי שְנוֹתֵינוּ בַהֶם שְׁבְעִים שַנָה").

י (אִיּוֹב יט, כו: "הַלֹּא צָבָא לֶאֲנוֹשׁ עֲלֵי אָרֶץ, וְכִימֵי שָׂכִיר יָמֶיו. וּבִמְצוּדַת דָּוִד: "קֵץ וּוְמַן יֵשׁ לְאָדָם עַל הָאָרֶץ (אִיּוֹב יט, כו: "הַלֹּא צָבָא לֶאֲנוֹשׁ עֲלֵי אָרֶץ, וְכִימֵי שָׂכִיר יָמֶיו. וּבִמְצוּדַת דָּוִד: "קֵץ וּוְמַן יֵשׁ לְאָדָם עַל הָאָרֶץ וֹיִם מוֹגְבָּלִים וֹקְצוּבִים בִּימֵי שָׂכִיר").

בַכל יום.

span for each person is in order that he reveal and improve the faith in Hashem's Oneness that is shining into him, on a new and increased level each day.

וְזֵהוּ "רַבָּה אָמוּנַתֶּךְ" - מִבְּחִינַת סוֹבֶב,

This is the meaning of "רָבָּה"-great אָמוּנָתֶּר is the faith in You." The meaning of 'הַבְּרַר, is a reference to the truly great and unlimited level of how Hashem is 'Soveiv-encompasses all worlds.' This unlimited level is the source of a person's faith in Hashem's Oneness.

עַל יְדֵי שֶׁרוֹאֶה בְּכָל יוֹם – עֶרֶב וָבֹקֶר, הְמִידִין כְּסִדְרָן, מִזֶּה יַכִּיר לְמַעְלָה מֵהַזְּמָן. How does he re-awaken his faith in Hashem every day? Through seeing each day that in the night Hashem makes the sun set, and every morning He makes the sun rise and makes people and animals wake up from sleep; and this power of Hashem is continually making this happen according to the order He arranged. From this, he will recognize that Hashem Himself, the Creator of time, must be higher than time.

In other words, the verse that tells us to renew and increase our faith in Hashem's Oneness also gives advice on how to do that:

By seeing that Hashem gives us our soul new and refreshed each day, and by seeing how Hashem renews the entire world every day, we are reminded that Hashem is constantly creating and renewing all of creation. The only way that Hashem can create the world and all of the changes of time from day to day is if He Himself exists beyond the limitations of time and space, from a point beyond any changes. From there, He can create anything that is finite and subject to change. The Rambam and Chovos HaLevavos explain the reasoning of this:

1- Something cannot create itself.

#### LESSONS IN LIKUTAY TORAH

- 2- If it were created by something made of parts, then that thing needs something else to put it together. If it were created by something finite, then it had a beginning and also had to be created at some point.
- 3- There cannot be an infinite number of finite causes. Ultimately, there must be a beginning point before which there was no finite or limited, changing, existence.
- 4- This Original Being that existed before all finite, changing things existed is eternal and unchanging. He is not made of parts and cannot be grasped or defined. He alone created everything finite, limited, and changing from total non-existence.

We see from this chain of thought that by recognizing that Hashem is creating and renewing the world, we can think deeply into this and realize that the world must be created by Hashem, Who is totally beyond all change and all limitations of time and space.

Thus, by seeing our renewed existence every morning, we are able to strengthen our faith in Hashem, Who is beyond all limitations, and encompasses all worlds equally.

### .□ Chapter 2

וְהַבֶּה הָאָרָה שֶׁבְּנֶפֶשׁ הָאָדָם הִיא בִּשְנֵי בִּחִינוֹת - מִמֵּלֵא וְסוֹבֵב:

Now, this revelation of Hashem in a person's soul exists on two levels: A 'Memalei-permeating' level, and a 'Soveiv-encompassing' level.

**"מְמַלֵּא"** נִקְרָא שֶׁמִּתְלַבֵּשׁ וְנִתְפַּס בְּמוֹחוֹ הַשַּׂגַת אֱלהוֹת.

'Memalei-permeating' is the name for the Light that becomes invested and grasped in a person's mind in such a way that he can understand Hashem's revelation.

בְּמוֹ שֶׁבָּתוּב (נִצְבִים ל, יט־כ): "וּבְחַרְתָּ בַּחַיִּים [..] לְאַהֲבָה אֶת ה' וְגוֹ׳ כִּי הוּא חַנֶּיךְ", As it is written, (Devarim 30:19-20) "And you shall choose life... to love Hashem... because He is your life."

What does it mean that one should first choose Hashem, and then one will love Him?

כִּי הַבְּחִירָה - בְּשֵׂכֶל לְבַד לִבְחוֹר בְּטוֹב וְלִמְאוֹס בְּרָע,

Since 'choosing' something is what a person does in their mind, when he decides to choose what he understands to be good, and to despise what he understands to be bad,

וְאַהֶבָה הוּא בַּלֵב, וְהַבְּחִירָה קוֹדֶם לְאַהֲבָה; Whereas, love is a feeling in the heart, and a person first needs to decide that something is good based on his understanding, before he can come to love or (or the opposite).

שֶׁצָרִיךְ לְהַרְגִּיל אֶת עַצְמוֹ בְּשִׂכְלוֹ שֵׁיִהְיֶה מוּסְכָּם אֶצְלוֹ לִבְחוֹר בַּחַיִּים<sup>ה</sup>ּ, In our context this means that a person needs to train his mind to think about the fact that Hashem is truly good and that He is the source of his life, so that he will agree

<sup>.[(</sup>לְעֵיל יא, ב)]. אַנְתַבָּאֵר מְזֵה בִּדְּבּוּר הַמַּתִחִיל "שָׁמַע יִשְׂרָאֵל" – בְּפָרָשַׁת וַאֵתְחַנַּן (לְעֵיל יא, ב)] יוֹ

בְּמַאֲמָר (שָּ, טו. יט): "רְאֵה נָתַתִּי לְפָנֶיךָ הַיּוֹם וְגוֹ׳ וּבְחַרְתָּ בַּחַיִּים", שֶׁהוּא הַחַיּוּת שֶׁל שָׁמֵיִם וַאָרֵץ שֶׁאָנוּ רוֹאִים,

וָלֹא לִבְחוֹר בְּגַשְׁמִיּוֹת, שֶׁהֶן כַּל תַעַנוּגֵי

עולם־הַזה הַכַּלה ונפסד שנקרא "מַות".

וְאַחַר שֶׁיַּסְכִּים בְּשִּׁכְלוֹ הַבְּחִירָה בַּטוֹב שֶׁהוּא הַחַיִּים, יִתְבּוֹגֵן לָבוֹא לִבְחִינַת אַהְבָבה²², "כִּי הוּא חַיֶּיךְ", שֶׁהוּא הַחַיִּים הָאֲמִיתִּים, כְּמוֹ שֶׁכָּתוּב (תְּהִלִּים לו, י): "כִּי עִמְךָ מִקוֹר חַיִּים".

וְזֶהוּ בְּחִינַת מְמַלֵּא שֶׁבְּנֶפֶשׁ הָאָדָם, שֶׁהָאַהְבָה נִתְלַבֵּשׁ וְנִתְפַּס בְּשִׂכְלוֹ, וְהוּא בְּחִינַת "בְּכָל לְבָבְךָ וּבְכָל נַפְשְׁךְ" (וָאֶתְחַנַּן וּ, ה) (intellectually) **to 'choose'** to associate Hashem as being his **Life**, and therefore, come to love Him.

As it says, "See that I (Hashem) place before you today, life and good, death and bad, and you should choose life," referring to the Divine life-force of the heaven and the earth that we see,

and not to choose to associate with their physical aspect, which is all of the pleasures of This World, which are all temporary, and therefore end up rotting and decomposing and are thus called "dead," since they are temporary and will eventually stop existing. This is in contrast to the Life from Hashem, which lasts forever.

After a person uses his mind to decide to recognize that Hashem is "good," since He is the true Life of everything, then he is able to come to love Hashem "for He is your Life," meaning that He is the True Life of all, as it is written, (Tehillim 36:10) "For with You (Hashem) is the Source of Life."

This is the 'Memalei-permeating' aspect of the person's soul, when the love of Hashem is expressed and grasped in his mind, and this brings to the level of loving Hashem "with all of your heart and all of your soul."

יא, ב). וּכְמוֹ שֵׁנְתַבַּאֶר מְזָה בַּדְבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "שָׁמַע יִשְׂרָאֵל" (לְעִיל יא, ב).

וּבְחִינַת **"סוֹבֵב**" הוּא בְּחִינַת "וּבְכָל מְאֹדֶךְ" (שָׁם), לִמֵעְלַה מֵהַכָּלִי שָׁהוּא הַשָּׁבַל<sup>2</sup>ּ. Whereas, the 'Soveivencompassing' level of the soul is called "loving Hashem with of all of your might," beyond the limitations of a person's intellect.

[וְעַל דֶּרֶךְ זֶה גַם בִּתְשׁוּבָה יֵשׁ ב' בְּחִינוֹת: תְשׁוּבָה־תַּתָּאָה וּתְשׁוּבָה־עִילָאָה<sup>44</sup>].

[Note of the Tzemach Tzedek: Similarly, there are two level of Teshuva: 'Teshuva Tata'a-Lower Level Teshuva,' that is based on understanding the importance of doing Teshuva and correcting one's ways, and 'Teshuva Ila'a-Higher Level Teshuva,' that comes from the depths of the soul, beyond the limitations of intellect. End of Note.]

אַךְ לְהַסְבִּיר הָעִנָיָן – אֵיךְ אֶפְשָׁר לִהְיוֹת עֲבוֹדָה בִּבְחִינַת סוֹבֵב לְמַעְלָה מֵהַשֵּׂכֶל? Now, we need to explain the above-mentioned concept: How is it possible for a person to serve Hashem with the 'Soveiv-encompassing' level of the soul that is beyond the limitations of intellect?

אַךְ הָעִנְיָן הוּא עַל יְדֵי תְּשׁוּבָה בִּמְסִירַת־ נָפֶשׁ שֶׁהוּא לִמַעִלָה מֵהַדַּעַת.

This is only possible through Teshuva in a way of 'Mesirus Nefesh-giving oneself over to Hashem' beyond all calculations.

וּכְמוֹ שָׁנִתְבָּאֵר בְּמָקוֹם אַחֵר, שֶׁלָּכֵן לֹא נָאֱמֵר בַּתּוֹרָה טַעַם עַל מְסִירַת־נֶפֶשׁ כְּמוֹ שֶׁנָּאֶמֵר טַעַם עַל אַהֲבָה, כְּדִכְתִיב (פָּרָשָׁתֵנוּל, כ): "לְאַהֲבָה אֶת ה' אֱלֹקֶיךְ ַ ַ בּיִ הוּא חַיֶּרְּ". This will be understood better based on what is explained elsewhere: The Torah does not give an explanation of the reason why a Jew needs to have 'Mesirus Nefesh-self sacrifice' and give up his life rather than commit one of the

<sup>.</sup>ר), די שְׁנַתְבָּאֵר בְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "וְעַתָּה יִגְדַל נָא" (לְעֵיל שְׁלַח לח, ד). יְּנְדֵין מַה שֶׁנָתְבָּאֵר בְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> (ראה זהר חלק ג קכג, א).

cardinal sins (idolatry, adultery, or murder), whereas it does give a reason why a Jew should love Hashem, as it is written, (Devarim 30:20) "You should love Hashem your G-d... because He is you life."

וְהַיִינוּ לְפִי שֶׁהָאַהֲבָה נִמְשְׁכָה מִבְּחִינַת שֵׁבֵל וְטַעַם דְּדֵרֵךְ הִשְׁתַּלִשְׁלוּת. This is because the regular love of Hashem derives from logic and understanding of how Hashem is our Life, and similar concepts, which works in a way that one level brings to another level, i.e. intellect brings to emotion.

מַה שָׁאֵין בֵּן עַל מְסִירַת־נֶפֶשׁ לֹא נֶאֲמֵר טַעַם, לְפִי שָׁהוֹא לְמַעְלָה מֵהַשַּׁכֶל ּיּ. וְהִיא בְּחִינַת אֱמוּנָה שֶׁלְמַעְלָה מֵהַדַּעַת, שֶׁנִּמְשַׁךְ מבּחינַת סוֹבב ּיּ.

This is not so regarding the 'Mesirus Nefesh- self-sacrifice' that the Torah does not give an explanation for, since it is derived from a level of the soul that is beyond intellect, which is the simple faith in Hashem that is beyond all calculations, whereby one connects to Hashem as He is 'Soveiv-encompasses' all worlds.

לַכֵן "בְּמַקוֹם שַבַּעַלֵי־תִשוּבָה עוֹמְדִים

This is why our Sages say, (Brachos 34b) "In the place where a 'Baal Teshuva-one who does

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> [וּכְמוֹ שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר: בְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "כִּי טוֹבִים דּוֹדֶיךְ" – בְּפָרֶשַׁת שְׁמוֹת (תּוֹרָה אוֹר נג, א). וּבַדבוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "חַיֵּיב אִינִשׁ לִבְסוּמֵי בִּפוּרִיֻא" (תּוֹרָה אוֹר צט, ב)].

<sup>&</sup>quot; [וְעַיֵּין מַה שָׁנִתְבָּאֵר בַּבֵּיאוּר עַל פָּסוּק "וְאֵלֶּה הַמִּשְׁפָּטִים" (תּוֹרָה אוֹר עו, ג), גַּבֵּי עִבְרִי" (מִשְׁפָּטִים כא, ב): שָׁשֹׁרֶש הַנְּשָׁמוֹת – מִבְּחִינַת "בְּעֵבֶר הַנָּהָר" הַ"יוֹצֵא מֵעֵדֶן" (בְּרֵאשִׁית ב, י), שֶׁהוּא מִבְּחִינַת עָגוּלִים וְ'סוֹבֵב כָּל עָלְמִין'.

וְהָנֵּה גִּילוּי בְּחִינָה זוֹ בְּנֶפֶשׁ הָאָדָם, זֶהוּ הַגִּילוּי מִבְּחִינַת סוֹבֵב, וְהוּא שֶׁלֹא כְּסֶדֶר הַהְשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת מִשֵּׂכֶל לְמִדּוֹת כוּ', כִּי אָם מִלְמֵעְלָה מִפֶּדֶר הַהִּשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת. וּכְעִנְיֵן "אַף עַל גַּב דְּאִיהוּ לֹא חָזִי מַזְּלֵיה חָזִי" (מְגִּילָה ג, א), שָׁהַמְשָׁכָה זוֹ מִבְּחִינַת מַזָּלֵיה בִּפְנִימִית – הוּא הַגִּילוּי מִלְמַעְלָה מִבְּחִינַת הִשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת עִילָה וְעָלוּל, שֵּׁכֶל וּמִדּוֹת כוּ'].

ייס true Teshvua' stands, even a perfect Tzadik cannot stand."

The true depth of Teshvua brings a Jew to a level of connection with Hashem that is beyond all logic and calculations, just as Hashem is beyond the limitations of all worlds. Whereas, a Tzadik serves Hashem according to the regular order of levels. His intellect tells him that it makes sense to connect to Hashem, and this produces a love for Hashem, which is expressed in his actions. Even though usually this is the ideal mode of service of Hashem, there is a certain aspect of limitation in his service, since it all makes sense and follows a logical progression and pattern. However, a Baal Teshuva's connection to Hashem is beyond making sense and beyond any calculations.

To understand why we need to connect to Hashem beyond all levels, as He is 'Soveiv-encompassing' all worlds, the Alter Rebbe will bring three verses and tie together the concepts mentioned in them:

אַךְ לְהָבִין טַעַם הַדָּבָר:

To better understand the reason for this, we will quote three verses:

הִנֵּה כְּתִיב: "אֲנִי רִאשׁוֹן וַאֲנִי אַחֲרוֹן" (יְשַׁעְיָה מר, ו); 1- It is written, (Yeshaya 44:6) "[Hashem says:] אֲנִי וְאָנִי וְאָנִי -I am first, וַאָנִי -and I am last, and there are no other Powers besides for Me."

וּכְתִיב: "בִּדְבַר ה' [שֶׁמַיִם נַצֵשוֹ] וְגוֹ<sup>ינּנ</sup>". פֵּירוּשׁ: שֲהַבִּרִיאָה הִיא עַל יִדִי דְּבוּר;

2- And it is written, (Tehillim 33:6) "With the words of Hashem the heavens were ינְשִשׁ-made," meaning, that creation from Hashem happens through His 'speech.'

וּכְתִיב (בְּרֵאשִׁית א, א): "בְּרֵאשִׁית **בְּרָא** אֱלֹהִים", שֶׁהַבְּרִיאָה הִיא יֵשׁ מֵאַין.

3- And it is written, (Bereishis 1:1) "In the beginning, Hashem בָּרָא-created," and the word בַּרָא-created is a term that

<sup>.(</sup>בְּרָכוֹת לד, ב). בְּרָכוֹת לְד, בְּיִלִים גְּמוּרִים אֵין יְכוֹלִים לַעֲמוֹד". בְּרָכוֹת לד, ב).  $^{47}$ 

<sup>.(</sup>תהלים לג, ו: "בדבר ה' שמים נעשוו").

means creation of something-from-nothing.

The previous verse only said that with Hashem's words, the heavens were 'בַּעֲשׁוּ' made,' which does not necessarily imply creation of something-from-nothing. However, 'בַּעָשׁוּ' made' implies creation of something-from-nothing.

ְוְהָעִנְיָן: שֶׁבְּרִיאַת הָעוֹלָמוֹת אֵינוֹ בְּדֶרְךְ הִשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת מֵעִילָה לְעָלוּל עַל דֶּרֶךְ מָשְׁל אֵצֶל הָאָדָם, The idea behind this: Creation of the worlds cannot simply come from a chainlike process of cause and effect, like how a person works.

שָׁהַמִּדוֹת מֵהַשֵּׂכֶל וְהַדִּיבּוּר מֵהַמִּדוֹת הוּא דֶרֶךְ הִשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת, In a person, his emotions derive from his intellect, and his speech derives from his emotions in a chainlike process where one level leads to another, connected level.

שֶׁעַל יְדֵי הַמִּדָּה נַעֲשֶׂה הֶבֶל הַלֵּב; וְאַחַר כָּךְ קוֹל וְדבּוּר, שֶׁהַדְּבּוּר נִמְשֵׁךְ מֵהַקּוֹל, וְהַקּוֹל וְכוּ׳ – הַכֹּל בְּדֶרֶךְ הַמְשָׁכָה וְהִשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת עילה ועלוּל. When a person has an emotion in his heart, this is expressed in his breathing, which then becomes expressed in his voice and his speech, (since speech is formed from the sound of his voice), and his voice is formed from the breath that came in connection with his emotion. All of these levels descend by way of cause and effect.<sup>49</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> The Maamar explaining the Kavanos of the Shofar according to the Baal Shem Tov, printed by the Mittler Rebbe in the Siddur with Chassidus (Siddur Im Dach) page 246c, explains that there are two types of breath; one is called הבל הפה , and one is called הלב is the breath that reaches the mouth in the form of actual letters, and is the 'breath' i.e. air that comes from the heart into the lungs. This 'breath' of the heart that comes into the lungs, becomes formed into sound by the air that strikes the vocal cords. This sound then travels through the mouth, which articulates the letters and forms various sounds. Since the original breath, which ultimately becomes formed into speech, comes from the heart, a person's emotions (in the heart) have a direct influence on his breath and speech.

אֲבָל בִּבְרִיאַת הָעוֹלְמוֹת אֵינוֹ דֶרֶךְ הִשְּׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת וְהַמְשָׁבָה; שֶׁמַאֲמָר "יְהִי רָקִיעַ" (בְּרֵאשִׁית א, ו), אֵינוֹ עֵרֶךְ שֶׁל הַמַּאֲמָר שָׁיִּהְיֶה נִמְשַׁךְ מִמֶּנוּ רָקִיעַ; However, the Creation of the worlds does not come through a chainlike process of descending, interconnected levels, since the Statement of Hashem, (Bereishis 1:6) "Let there be a sky," is not in the same category of existence as a physical sky, so that it would make sense that from Hashem's Statement a physical sky should come into being, since Hashem's Statement is Divine and beyond the category of the existence of physical reality.

שָׁאַף רִיבּוֹא רְבְבוֹת צִמְצוּמִים וְהִשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת מִמַּדְרֵגָה לְמַדְרֵגָה דֶרֶךְ עִילָה וְעָלוּל לֹא יוֹעִילוּ שֶׁיִשְׁתַּלְשֵׁל וְיִתְהַנֶּה חוֹמֶר גַּשְׁמִי – אֲפִילוּ כְּמוֹ חוֹמֶר הָרָקִיעַ – מִהִשְׁתַלְשְׁלוֹת הָרוּחָנִיוּת כּי׳.

Since even millions and billions of levels of contractions and concealments on Hashem's Light, through a chainlike process of cause and effect, will not help to create physical matter, even the physical matter of the sky, from a descent of spiritual levels.

If someone in our world would think about something, even with all their might, and for their entire life, their thoughts would never create another physical being that existed according to their thoughts. How much more so with regard to Hashem's 'thoughts,' which are in a completely different category than any physical existence.

אֶלָּא שֶׁהוּא כֹּחַ אֵין־סוֹף בָּרוּרְ־הוּא הַכֹּל יָכוֹל לִבְרוֹא הָרָקִיעַ עַל יְדֵי הַמַּאֲמָר "יְהִי רָקִיעַ" יֵשׁ מֵאַיִן.

Rather, this is only from the Infinite Power of Hashem, who is All-Powerful, and can create a physical sky through His Divine Statement of "Let there be a sky," in a manner of יָש' -something מאנין -from nothing.'

וְזֶהוּ שֶׁלֹּא כְּסֵדֶר הַהִשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת כִּי אִם בִּבְחִינַת דִּלּוּג. וְכֵן כָּל הַנִּבְרָאִים כּוּ׳ מֵהַבּוֹרֵא – הוּא מֵאַיִן וְלֹא דֶרֶךְ

This creative power does not come through a series of levels, but 'jumps' from one reality to a totally different reality. So too, all השתלשלות.

of the created beings derive from the Creator in a manner of something-from-nothing, not through a chainlike series of levels.

בִּי אִי אֶפְשָׁר לִהְיוֹת נִמְשַׁךְ בְּחִינַת נִבְרָא -גַם בְּחִינַת חָכְמָה שֶׁבָּהֶם - אֲפִילוּ מִבְּחִינַת דְּבוּר שֶׁלְמַעְלָה, שֶׁהוּא בְּחִינַת הִתְּגַלוּת שֶׁלְמַעְלָה. שֶׁהַבּוֹרֵא הוּא הֵיפֶרְ הַנְּבָרַאִים. שֶׁלְמַעְלָה. שֶׁהַבּוֹרֵא הוּא הֵיפֶרְ הַנְּבְרָאִים. Since it is logically impossible from any created being, even the highest level of the creations, which is Supernal Wisdom, to be derived from even the lowest level of Divinity, which is Hashem's 'Speech,' which is the level of how Hashem reveals Himself. This is because the category of Creator is opposite from the category of the creations.

וַאֲפִילוּ גַם עַל הִתְהַוּוֹת חָכְמָה־עִילְּאָה מֵאֵין־סוֹף בָּרוּךְ־הוֹּא נָאֱמַר (אִיוֹב כח, יב): "וְהַחְכְמָה מֵאַיִן תִּמְּצֵא". שֶׁאַפִּילוּ לִהְיוֹת נִמְשַׁךְ בְּחִינַת "אַנְתְּ חַכִּים וְלָא בְּחָכְמָה יְדִיעָא"®, הַיִּינוּ, הִתְלַבְּשׁוֹת אוֹר אֵין־סוֹף בְּחָכְמָה אֵינוֹ בִּבְחִינַת הִשְׁתַּלִשְׁלוֹת, Even regarding the existence of Chochma-Wisdom of the World of Atzilus from Hashem's Infinite Truth, it says, (Iyov 28:12) "And ימאין from-from wisdom nothing similar' is found." Meaning that even for there to be the level of, (Tikunei Zohar) "You [Hashem] are Wise, but not with knowable wisdom," which is how Hashem's Infinite Light becomes invested in Chochma-Wisdom of Atzilus, this cannot come about through an orderly, chainlike descent levels. Rather, it is a jump from one reality, of Infinitude, to a completely reality, of Chochmadifferent Wisdom.

וְכָל מַה שֶׁנִּזְכֵּר בַּסְפָרִים הִשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת עִילָה וְעָלוּל אֵינוֹ עַל הַנִּבְרָאִים מֵהַבּוֹרֵא.

Whatever is mentioned in the Holy Books of the teachings of Kabbalah regarding the chainlike

<sup>50 (</sup>תִקוֹנֵי וֹהַר בַּהַקְדֵּמָה, "פַּתַח אֱלִיַהוּ").

descent of levels in a manner of cause and effect is not speaking about how creations come into existence from the Creator.

ַנִּי אָם בְּהִשְׁתַּלְשָׁלוּת רוּחַ־הַבְּהֵמָה מִ"פָּנֵי־שוֹר" שֶׁבַּמֵּרְכַּבַה. [Note of the Tzemach Tzedek: Rather, it is discussing, for example, how the animal soul of a physical ox derives from the spiritual level of the "Face of an Ox" of the angels of the 'Merkavah-Divine Chariot,' which is a lofty spiritual level of angels.

For that level to descend to become the animal soul of a physical ox, it goes through a chainlike descent of many levels.

מָה שֵאֵין כֵּן בַּהְתַהַוות הַגַּשְמִיות מַמַּש,

This is not the case with regard to the actual creation of the physical body of an ox.

It cannot come from the angels of "The Face of an Ox" of the 'Merkavah-Divine Chariot,' even after millions of levels of a descent of levels. It must come 'מַאַיּרָּשַ-something-from-nothing.'

וְכֵן בְּהִתְהַוּוֹת הָרוּחָנִיוֹת מֵאֵין־סוֹף בָּרוּךְ־ הוא הוּא יֵשׁ מֵאַיִן מַפָּשׁ. ּ ֹּ Similarly, the creation of the spiritual beings (ie. souls and the angels), from the Infinite Truth of Hashem, is in a manner of 'שֵׁשִּי,-something-from-nothing comparable.' End of Note.]

וְזֶהוּ "אֲנִי רָאשׁוֹן", פֵּירוּשׁ: שֶׁלְּהְיוֹת הַתְּהַוּוּת, רֵאשִׁית הַהֹּתְהַוּוּת הַיְינוּ חָכְמָה־ עִילָאָה, הוּא שֶׁלֹא עַל יְדֵי הִשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת אֶלָא "וְהַחָּכְמָה מֵאַיִּן תִּמָצֵא", וְזֶהוּ "אֲנִי רִאשׁוֹן" – אֲנִי אוֹתִיוֹת אַיִּן״. This is the meaning of "בְּאַנִיי, I am the first," meaning, that in order for the beginning of the order of worlds, which is Chochmah-Wisdom, to come into existence, it is not possible

יּנְתָבָּאֵר כָּל זֶה בְּ"אָגֶרֶת הַקֹּדֶשׁ" (סִימָן כ) דִּבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "אִיהוּ וְחַיוֹהִי."

<sup>.(</sup>ראה גם כן מאורי אור אות א סעיף סד).

through a gradual descent of levels. Rather, "הְּהָרֶמְהּין-and Wisdom מְאַיִן from nothing meaning of אֲנִי" - I am אַנִי" since the letters of אַנִי" are the same letters as "אַנִי" nothing."

According to this, the meaning of the verse is, "אַני -from Me, Who is אַרן-nothing comparable, ראשון -the first level of finite existence, Chochmah-Wisdodm, comes into being."

ְּעַל דֶּרֶךְ זֶה גַּם כֵּן "אֲנִי אַחֲרוֹן", הַיְינוּ: לִּהְיוֹת הִתְהַוּוֹת שָׁמֵיִם וָאָרֶץ גַּשְׁמִיִּים מִן הַמַּאֲמָר הָרוּחָנִי אֵינוֹ דֶרֶךְ הִשְּׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת כִּי אַם יֵשׁ מֵאַיִן. וְהוּא מִבְּחִינַת 'סוֹבֵב כָּל עלמין'3. Similarly, we can explain "אַנִי-I am אַחֵרוֹן-last," to mean that in order for the physical heaven and earth (the last level of creation) to come into existence from the Divine Statements, a chainlike, gradual descent of levels will not bring this about. Rather, it is creation מאין' -somethingfrom-nothing comparable.' This power of creation of physical existence is derived from how Hashem is 'Soveiv Kol Alminencompassing all worlds."

וְלָכֵן כָּל הַמְשָׁכוֹת צָרִיךְ לִהְיוֹת מֵהַמָּקוֹר שהוא הַאַין.

Therefore, all existence needs to come from the Ultimate Source, which is called the אָיִן. Nothing we can understand.'

All existence is dependent on Hashem as He Truly exists, in the way that He encompasses all worlds equally. Only from that unlimited level can there be the power to create 'יַשׁ מַאַין' -something-from-nothing comparable.'

We now understand the connection of the three verses quoted above:

<sup>53</sup> וְעַיֵּין מַה שַׁנְתַבָּאֵר מְזָּה עַל פָּסוּק "יָבִיאוּ לְבוּשׁ מַלְכוּת" (תּוֹרָה אוֹר צב, ב וַאֵילַךְ).

The first verse, "[Hashem says:] אֲנִי אַחֲרּוֹן. I am first, יַאֲבִי Am I am last," is expressing the concept that both the first level of limited existence (Wisdom) and the last level (physical existence), derive from the unlimited, unknowable power of Hashem called "אַרִי Nothing we can understand," which is the same letters as יאַנִי 'I.' Only from this level can there be the power to create יֵשׁ מֵאַיִן בּישׁ מֵאַיִן.

The second verse, "With the words of Hashem, the heavens were בַּעשׁוּ -made," establishes that the process of creation happens through the Divine Speech. However, only because of the unlimited power of how Hashem is 'Soveiv Kol Almin-encompassing all worlds' invested in it, can Divine Speech create physical existence, which is a far removed category from the level of Divine Speech.

The third verse, "In the beginning, Hashem בְּרָא-created," established that the creative process is not a gradual process of interconnected levels, like in a person's process of development from intellect to speech etc. Rather, the creative process is a complete jump from one type of reality to another.

ְוְלָבֵן, כְּדֵי לְהַמְשִׁיךְ הָאָרָה וְהַמְשָׁכָה זוֹ, וּמַה גַּם בְּרֹאש־הַשָּׁנָה שֶׁאֲזַי נִמְשַׁךְ חַיּוּת כְּלָלִי לְכָל הַשָּׁנָה, לָבֵן צָרִיךְ לִהְיוֹת הַעַבוֹרָה גַּם כֵּן בִּבְחִינַת סוֹבֵב שַׁבַּנֵּפֵשׁ.

Therefore, in order to draw down this Light from how Hashem is 'Soveiv Kol Almin-encompassing all worlds' in order to enable the creation of the world, especially on Rosh Hashanah, when the general life-force for the entire year is drawn down, one needs to serve Hashem on the 'Soveiv-encompassing' level of the soul that is beyond the limitations of intellect

וְזֶהוּ דַּוְקָא עַל יְדֵי תְּשׁוּבָה, שֶׁכַּאֲשֶׁר הָאָדָם מוֹסֵר נַפְשׁוֹ לַה' כְּמוֹ רַבִּי אֶלִיעֶזֶר בֶּן הוּרְדַיָיא ּיּ, שֶׁהוּא מְסִירַת הָרָצוֹן;

This level is reached specifically through Teshuvah, when a person has 'Mesiras Nefesh-gives himself over to Hashem,' like the story of Eliezer Ben Durdaya, which means giving over one's will and desires to Hashem.

The Gemara (Avoda Zarah 17a) describes the story of Eliezer Ben Durdaya. He was on an extremely low spiritual level and was completely given over to only

.(עֲבוֹרָה זְרָה יז, א).

fulfilling his coarsest material desires. At one point, he came to the realization that he had completely distanced himself from Hashem, seemingly to the point of no return.

When he realized that he was Jewish, but had utterly distanced himself from Hashem through his total involvement in material (and forbidden) desires, he became completely shaken to the core. He truly regretted his path in life and the unholy things he was involved in, and he cried bitterly from the depths of his soul. His Teshuva was so intense that he in fact died from the overwhelming experience of wanting to completely give himself over to Hashem and change his entire life.

When he (unfortunately) died from the intensity of this experience, his soul was allowed to enter Gan Eden, and he was given the title 'Rabbi.'

Rabbi Yehuda HaNasi (author of the Mishnah) said about him, "It is possible for a person to acquire a portion in the World to Come in one instant."

ְוַעַל דֶּרֶךְ זֶה עַל כָּל פָּנִים מְסִירַת הָרָצוֹן לַה' בְּכָל עִנְיְנֵי רְצוֹנוֹת הַנֶּפֶשׁ, לִהְיוֹת "בַּטֵּל רְצוֹנְךָ"כֹּ,

Similarly, in our context, the idea of 'Mesiras Nefesh-giving oneself over to Hashem' means at least to give over one's will to Hashem, by giving over all the physical desires a person has, to "nullify his will" to Hashem's.

The Alter Rebbe will give four examples of holding back the natural desires of the animal soul:

לָהְיוֹת "עוֹצֵם עֵינָיו" (יְשַעְיָה לג, טו) וְכַנַּ"ל; וְכֵן בִּשְׁמִיעָה וְדִיבּוּר; וְכֵן "לֹא תָתוּרוּ אַחֲבִי לָבַבְכֶם" (שְׁלַח טו, לט) – בִּיטוּל־רָצוֹן בַּנַּ"ל; 1-Closing his eyes from seeing inappropriate things, 2-Guarding his hearing from inappropriate content, 3-Guarding one's speech that it should be proper, 4-Guarding one's thoughts from anything inappropriate, as it says, (Bamidbar 15:39) "And you shall not stray after the thoughts of your heart." These all express how a person nullifies his will to Hashem,

55 (אבוֹת ב, ד).

וְבֵן בַּעֲשִׂיַּית טוֹב בְּעַל כָּרְחֲךָ דַּוְקָא, לַעֲשׁוֹת הַכֹּל בְּהִיפּוּךְ רִצוֹנוֹ. nullifying one's will is also in regard to doing good things, so that that he should do things even if he has to force himself to do them, by doing everything Hashem wants, even when it is the opposite of the desires of his animal soul.

וְזֶהוּ גַם בֵּן בְּחִינַת מְסִירַת־נֶפֶשׁ כִּי "מַה לִּי קְטָלָא כּוּלָה [מַה לִי קַטְלָה פַּלְגָא] כּוּ"ּ"ּ,

This is also the idea of 'Mesiras Nefesh-giving oneself over to Hashem,' since (as in the Gemara, Baba Kama 65a) "What is the difference if someone is completely dead or half dead," either way he cannot function. So too, killing the desires of the animal soul is considered like a person is giving up his life for Hashem.

שֶׁהוּא אִתְבַּפְיָיא סִטְרָא־אָחֲרָא עַל יְדֵי "לֵב נִשְׁבָּר וְנִרְכָּח" (תְּהִלִּים נא, יט);

This also subdues the 'Sitra Achara-Side Opposite of Holiness,' through having a "broken and crushed heart." (see Tehillim 51:19)

The Alter Rebbe will quote a verse to show that when a person humbles himself like a domestic animal is subservient to its owner, he brings about a spiritual salvation for himself:

"אָדָם וּבְהֵמָה תוֹשִׁיעַ" (תְּהַלִּים לו, ז) – שָׁיַּעֲשֶׂה עַצְמוֹ כִּבְהֵמָה, וְלֹא יַחְפּוֹץ בְּּרָצוֹן וְתַאֲווֹת גַּשְׁמִיוֹת.

The verse says, (Tehillim 36:7), "Hashem saves people and animals," meaning that when one considers himself like a domestic animal that has no will of its own, he will push away his physical desires.

בְּמוֹ שֶׁבָּתוּב (תְּהִלִּים עג, כה): "וְעִמְּךְ לֹא חַפַּצְתִּי", דְּהַיִּינוּ אֲפִילוּ מַה שֵּׁ"עִמְךָ", "הוּא

As it is written, (Tehillim 73:25) "I don't want anything else together with You (Hashem)," meaning

<sup>56 (</sup>בַּבַא קַמַא סה, א (וְעוֹד): "מַה לִי קַטְלָה כּוּלָה מַה לִי קַטְלָה כַּוּלָה מָה לִי קַטְלָה בָּלגַא").

הַיּוֹבֵעַ, הוֹא הַמַּדָּע"כּ, "אִיהוּ וְגַּרְמוֹהִי חָד"כּּ, כִּי אָם "כָּלָה שְאֵרִי וּלְבָבִי" (תְּהִלִּים עג, כוֹ) אַלַיו יִתִבַּרֵךְ מַמַּשׁ. that even the highest spiritual levels that are "with You," like the level of Chochmah-Wisdom of Atzilus, that "Hashem is the One who knows and is united with His Knowledge," and "He and His Sefiros of Atzilus are One," even these levels a person does not truly want. Rather, as the verse (ibid.) concludes, "My flesh and heart yearn" only for Hashem Himself.

וּכְמַאֲמָר (וָאֶתְחַנַּן ד, ז): "[בִּי מִי גוֹי נָּדוֹל אֲשֶׁר לוֹ אֱל-הִים קְרֹבִים אֵלָיו כַּה' אֱל-הֵינוּ] בְּכָל קָרְאֵנוּ א**ֵלִיו**" – וְלֹא לְמִדּוֹתִיוּ

As it says, (Devarim 4:7) "Which great nation has the privilege that Hashem is close to them, like Hashem our G-d is close to us whenever we call out to Him," meaning that we only call to Hashem Himself, and not to His 'Attributes,' the Sefiros of Atzilus.

מִבָּל־שֶׁבֵּן וְקַל־וָחֹמֶר - רְצוֹנוֹת גַּשְׁמִיִּים כּוּ׳.

If we are not even supposed to be interested in the Sefiros of Atzilus, how much more so should we not be interested in any material desires!

וְעַל יְדֵי זֶה יוּכַל לָבֹא לִבְחִינַת "וּבְכָל מְאֹרֶךָ", לְהַמְשִׁיךְ מִבְּחִינַת סוֹבֵב, Through this process of giving over one's desires to Hashem, one can come to the level of loving Hashem "with all your might," which brings down the Light from how Hashem is 'Soveivencompassing' all worlds,

כִּי עַל יְדֵי בִּיטוּל הָרָצוֹן הוּא מַגִּיעַ לְהַמָּקוֹר שֶׁהוּא הָאַיִן.

**since by giving over the** revealed **desires** of his animal soul and operating based on his

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup> (רְמְבַּ"ם הֹלְכוֹת יְסוֹדֵי הַתּוֹרָה פֶּרֶק ב, הֲלָכָה י).

<sup>58 (</sup>תִקוּנֵי זֹהַר בַּהַקְדָּמָה).

<sup>.(</sup>פַרְדֵּס שַׁעַר לב רֵישׁ פֵּרֵק ב בְּשֵׁם הַסְּפְרֵי).

deeper/hidden level of connection to Hashem, he is able to reach the Source of all revelation, which is called the "אַיִּר.Nothing we can understand."

When a person acts in a way that is beyond the logic of his animal soul, his animal soul thinks he is acting crazy by being so dedicated to Hashem. That is how he reaches a level beyond all limitations, beyond the source of logic, which is the Ultimate Source of creation, by serving Hashem in a way that we cannot logically grasp and understand.

The Alter Rebbe will tie these concepts into a novel interpretation of a verse from Tehillim:

וּבְתִיב (תְּהַלִּים קמה, יח): "קָרוֹב ה' לְכָל קוֹרְאָיו [לְכֹל אֲשֶׁר יִקְרָאָהוּ] וְגוּ' בֶּאֱמֶת".

It is written, (Tehillim 145:18)
"Hashem is close to all those call
upon Him, to all those who call to
Him באמה-in truth."

The simple meaning of 'בֶּאֶבֶּת-in truth,' is that the person truthfully calls out to Hashem. Here, the Alter Rebbe explains it to mean 'בָּאֵבֶּת-into the Truth' of the Torah (i.e. a person calls to Hashem to come down and become invested into the Torah on a deeper level, bringing a greater revelation into and through his Torah learning).

וְזֶהוּ **"קוֹרֵא** בַּתּוֹרָה"יּ: שֶׁקוֹרֵא לְהַמָּקוֹר לִהְיוֹת נִמְשַׁךְ בַּתּוֹרָה.

This is the meaning of the phrase "קוֹרֵא-calling out קוֹרֵא-in Torah study." The simple meaning is reading the Torah out loud. However, we can also interpret it to mean 'קוֹרֵא-calling out' to the Source, Hashem as He is, beyond all worlds, to be drawn down 'הַתּוֹרָה' into the Torah.'

בִּי "אוֹרַיְיתָא מֵחָכְמָה נָפְּקַת"ּם, "וְהַחָּכְמָה מֵאַין הִּמָּצָא", וְעַל יְדִי מְסִירַת־נֶפֶּשׁ מִמְשִׁיךְ מֵהַמָּקוֹר. וְכָל מַה שֶׁלוֹמֵד וְקוֹרֵא This is because (Zohar II, 121a) "The Torah comes forth from the level of Chochma-Wisdom," and

לה מְקוֹמוֹת). בּרָכוֹת רֵישׁ פֶּרֶק ב. וּבְכַמָּה מְקוֹמוֹת).  $^{60}$ 

<sup>61 (</sup>זהר חלק ב קכא, א. ראה גם כן שם פה, א. חלק ג פא, א).

אַחַר כָּךָ, הוּא נִקְרָא "תּוֹרָה־לִשְׁמָהּ" – לְשֵׁם הַתּוֹרָה, שֶׁמַּמְשִׁיךְ הֶאָרָה מֵהַמָּקוֹר להתוֹרה.

"מאַין Wisdom -וָהַחַכְמַה.from Nothing can understand we will be found," in a manner -something-from-'מאין nothing comparable.' But, through the person's 'Mesiras Nefeshgiving oneself over to Hashem,' he draws down from the Source of everything, from Hashem as He is 'Soveiv-encompassing' all worlds, into the Torah as it exists at the level of Chochma-Wisdom.

וְזֶהוֹ "[וּוְכַרְתֶּםאֶת כָּל מִצְוֹת ה'] וַעֲשִׂיתֶם **אֹתָם"** – "אַל תִּקָרָא אוֹתָם אֶלָא **אַתֵּם** וְכוּי"<sup>©</sup>:

This is also the meaning of the verse, (Bamdibar 15:39) "And you shall remember all of the Mitzvos of Hashem אַהָם and do אַהָּאַיהָם and do אַהָּאַיהָם hem." "Do not read the verse as simply saying that we should 'do' i.e. fulfill 'אַהָּם them.' Rather, also read it as saying that 'אַהָּם hem.' Rather, also read it as saying that 'אַהָּם hem into Mitzvos in the first place," (see Sanhedrin 99b, Zohar III 113a).

שֶׁנְקְרָא **עֲשִׂיַּית** הַמִּצְוָה וְלֹא קִיּוּם בִּלְבַד, כִּי אָם עֲשִׂיָּה מֵחָדָשׁ, שֶׁהוּא בְּחִינַת הִתִּפַּשִּׁטוּת הַמִּחַיֶּה כָּל הָעוֹלָמוֹת.

This called **'making** is Mitzvos' and not simply 'fulfilling' the already existing Mitzvos. Rather, it is making something new, which is a new expression of life from Hashem, for all the worlds. This comes as a result of a new dedication of a Jew to Hashem, and a new desire from Hashem to create the world and give us Mitzvos

62 (סַנָהֶדְרִין צט, ב. וַיָּקָרַא רַבַּה לה, וו זֹהַר חֵלֵק ג קיג, א).

וְזֶהוּ שֶׁכֶּתוּב "כִּי קַרוֹב אֵלֶיךָ הַדְּבָר כּוּ׳ לַ**עשוֹתו**". This is the meaning of the verse quoted at the beginning of the maamar, "For this matter, of the Torah and Mitzvos, is very accessible to you לְּעָשׁוֹתוֹ to make it [happen]."

"לַעֲשׂוֹתוֹ" דַּוְקָא, לְהַמְשִׁיכוֹ מֵחָדָשׁ מֵהַמָּקוֹריּ. The word 'לְעשׁוֹתוּ' specifically means 'to make it from new,' or to draw down a new Desire from Hashem, the Ultimate Source, that He should have a new desire for our Torah and Mitzyos.

וְלָבֵן נֶאֱמֵר בְּמוּסָף דְרֹאשׁ־הַשָּׁנָה: "וַצְשִּׂיתֶם עוֹלָה" (פִּנְחָס כט, ב) – בְּחִינַת לַצַשׁוֹתוֹ: This is why, in the Musaf prayer of Rosh Hashanah, we say "יְּבֶשִּייתֶם-and you shall make burnt offering [for Hashem]," since we 'make' this Mitzvah by awakening Hashem's desire for it.

ְּהַנֵּה: "בִּי נִשְּׂנֶב שְׁמוֹ לְבַדּוֹ" (תְּהַלִּים קְמח, יג),
"עַד שֶׁלֹא נִבְּרָא הָעוֹלֶם הָיָה הוּא וּשְׁמוֹ בִּלְבַד" . שֶׁהַשֵּׁם אֵינוֹ עַצְמוּתוֹ, כְּמוֹ אֵצֶל הָאָדָם - שֵׁם רְאוּבֵן וְשִׁמְעוֹן אֵינוֹ אֶלָּא הָאָדָה מֵעַצְמוּתוֹ . וְכֵן "בְּיוּ"ד נִבְרָא עוֹלָם־ הַבָּא וּבְהָ"א נִבְרָא עוֹלָם־הַוֶּה" - הַכֹּל בָּבְחִינַת "שַׁם" לְבַד.

Now, some more explanation on this: It says, (Tehillim 148:13) "His Name is exalted, it is alone with Him," and (Pirkei De'Rebbe Eliezer chap. 3) "Before the world was created, there was only Name." Hashem and His Hashem's Name is not part of His Essence, just like with a person, his name, Reuven or Shimon, is just a limited expression of the essence of the person. So too, "the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>63</sup> וּכְמוֹ שֶׁנַּתְבָּאֵר בְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "בְּשָׁעָה שֶׁהִקְדִּימוּ [...] **נַעֲשֶׂה**" (לְעֵיל בַּמִּךְבָּר יב, ד), בְּפֵירוּשׁ "עוֹשֵי דָבָרוֹ".

<sup>. (</sup>פָּרְקֵי דְּרַבִּי אֱלִיעֵזֵר פַּרֵק ג. רְאֵה גַּם כֵּן תִקוּנֵי וֹהַר תִּקוּן יט).

<sup>55</sup> וְעַיֵּין מַה שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר מִזֶּה בְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "אֶת שַׁבְּתוֹתַי תִּשְׁמֹרוּ" (לְעֵיל בְּהַר מא, ג).

<sup>66 (</sup>מנחוֹת כט, ב).

World to Come was created with the letter Yud of His Name, and This World was created with the letter Hei of His Name." All of the levels of creation are derived only from Hashem's Name.

וְעַל יְדֵי מְסִירַת־נֶפֶשׁ הוּא מַמְשִׁיךְ בְּחִינַת סוֹבֵב שֵׁמַגִּיעַ עַד הַמֵּקוֹר. But, through 'Mesiras Nefeshgiving oneself over to Hashem,' one draws down from Hashem as He is 'Soveiv-encompassing' all worlds equally, since this type of service reaches the Ultimate Source of everything.

וְזֶהוּ "כִּי הַמִּצְוָה הַוֹּאת אֲשֶׁר אָנֹבִי מְצַוְּךְ הַיּוֹם", אֲנִי מַמְּשׁ, שֶׁהוּא מָהוּתוֹ וְעַצְמוּתוֹ יִתְבָּרֵךְ שֶׁלְמַעְלָה מַעְלָה מִבְּחִינַת שֵׁם יִתְבָּרֵךְ שֶׁלְמַעְלָה וַמְעָיָה מִחָּדַשׁ. וְהָאָרָה כּוּ׳ וִלָּבַן נִקְרָא עַשִּׂיָיה מִחָּדָשׁ.

**This is** the meaning of the beginning of verse from Parshas Nitzavim quoted above, "For this Mitzvah that אַנֹכִי-I [Hashem] command you today, it is not separate or far from you," meaning that the word אנביי-I' is referring to Hashem Himself. literally. His Essence, which is above and beyond the level of any Name or revelation. This is the ultimate source of the Torah and Mitzvos, and therefore, this is called 'making new' His desire for Torah and Mitzvos, and His desire to recreate the world.

וְהַיְינוּ עַל יְדֵי "בְּפִירָ" הוּא תּוֹרָה, "וּבַלְבַבָרָ" הוּא תִּשׁוּבַה.

This ability to make a new desire from Hashem comes from what it says in the continuation of the verse, "קבּליבְּים, your mouth," which is referring to the study of Torah, and "וּבִלְבָבְרְּךְ" in your heart," referring to Teshuva from the depths of the heart.

וְזֶהוּ "לַּעֲשׁוֹתוּ", פֵּירוּשׁ: שֶׁזֶהוּ שֶׁעוֹשִׂים מַמְשׁ כִּבְיָכוֹל בְּחִינַת "דְּבָרוֹ" וְלֹא קִיּוּם בִּלְבַד כַּנַ"ל. וּכְעִנְיַן "וַיַּעֲשׁ דְּוִד שֵׁם" (שְׁמוּאֵל־ בח, יג), כְּמוֹ שֵׁנִתְבַּאֵר בִּמְקוֹם אֲחָר. This is the idea of "in your mouth, and in your heart, לעשותו-to make it [happen]," meaning that it is as if we are actually 'making' His Words of the Torah, and not just explained fulfilling them, as above. This is similar to what it says, (Shmuel II, 8:13) "And King Name," ויעש'-made David a meaning he 'made' Hashem's Name greater through his spiritual accomplishments.

וְזֶהוּ שָׁאוֹמְרִים בְּקָרְבַּן מוּסָף דְרֹאשׁ־ הַשָּׁנָה "וַ**עֲשִיתֶם** עוֹלָה", כִּי רֹאשׁ־הַשְּׁנָה הוֹא "תְּחַלַת מַעֲשֶׂיךְ", שֶׁעוֹשִׂים וּבוֹנִים בְּחִינַת דְּבָרוֹ יִתְבָּרֵךְ. וְהַיִינוּ מֵהַמָּקוֹר שָׁהוֹא הַאֵּין.

This is why we say, regarding the Musaf offering on Rosh Hashanah, "ועשיתם-and you shall make עולה-a burnt offering [for Hashem]," since Rosh Hashanah beginning "the of [Hashem's] works," when 'make' and build up Hashem's Words. This process of 'making' Hashem's Words is accomplished by drawing energy into them from the Ultimate Source, which is called the אַיִן. Nothing we can understand,' since it is beyond all worlds.

ְוֹזֶהוּ שֶׁאוֹמְרִים בְּמֵלְכֻיּוֹת־יּ: "כֹּה אָמֵר ה' צְבָאוֹת מֶלֶךְ יִשְׂרָאֵל וְגוֹאֲלוֹ, אֲנִי רִאשׁוֹן יִשְׂרָאֵל וְגוֹאֲלוֹ, אֲנִי רִאשׁוֹן וַאַנִי אַחַרוֹן כּוּ".

This is why we say in the Musaf of Rosh Hashanah, in the verses describing Hashem's Kingship, (Yeshaya 44:6) "So says Hashem, Master of all Hosts, the King of Yisrael and their Redeemer, אַני

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>67</sup> (יָשַׁעָיָה מד, ו: "כֹּה אָמַר ה' מֶלֶךְ יִשְׂרָאֵל וְגֹאֵלוֹ, ה' צְבָאוֹת: אֲנִי רִאשׁוֹן, וַאֲנִי אַחַרוֹן, וּמְבַּלְעָדֵי אֵין אֱלֹקִים"). <sup>68</sup> וְעַיֵּין מַה שָׁנִתְּבָּאֵר מִזֶּה בְּשִׁיר הַשִּׁירִים, בְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "צַנָּאַרַךְ בַּחֲרוּזִים" (יג, ב). וְעַיֵּין בַּזֹהַר <sup>68</sup> וְעַיֵּין מַה שָׁנְחָר בָּאָר מִזֶּה בְּשִׁירִם, בְּדָר רִנ"ח, עַמּוּד ב', מֵעָנָן "**וַעֲשִׂיתָם עוֹלֶה**".

רָאשׁוֹן-I am first, רָאשׁוֹן-and I - בּוֹאֲנִי אַחֲרוֹן-and I

In order for all the levels, from the first level (Chochma) until the last level (the physical world) to be created from the "אָנָה". am," which is the same letters as "אַנָה". Nothing we can understand," there must first be an awakening from Hashem, which is caused by Him being "King of Yisrael and their Redeemer."

Until now, the Alter Rebbe explained the phrase 'לְעֵשׁוֹתוֹ' to make it [happen]' as referring to how we 'make' the Torah and Mitzvos from new by awakening a new desire from Hashem to be King over us and 're-give' us Mitzvos.

Now, he will explain a different interpretation of 'לְעְשׁוֹחוֹ' to make it [happen],' as referring to 'making' the world again on Rosh Hashanah, which is also accomplished through our service of Hashem.

וְגַּם פֵּירוּשׁ "לַעֲשׁוֹתוֹ" – עַל דֶּרֶךְ מַה שֶׁבֶּתוֹב בַּוֹהֵר פָּרְשַׁת וַיֵּרָא דַף קט"ו עַמוּד א' עַל פָּסוּק (וַיַּרָא כא, א) "וַיַּעשׁ ה' לְשָׂרָה כוּ": "עַשִּׂיַיִה אִיהוּ לְעִילָא".

Another explanation of לְּעְשׁוֹתוּ to make it [happen],' is similar to how the Zohar (I, 115a) explains the verse, (Bereishis 21:1) "And Hashem יַּישִׁישׁיִר-made for Sarah as He promised her..." explaining that "עַשִּיִּיה" - יַּשְׁיַיִּה wṛ-making something new is the highest level."

Hashem had to "make" a child for her in a manner of 'something-from-nothing,' since she was a barren woman and it was physically impossible for her to have children. So, Hashem had to 'make' a child for her in a totally new and supernatural manner.

ְוָהַיְינוּ כִּי מִשָּׁם נִמְשַׁךְ גַּם כֵּן לִהְיוֹת הָעֲשִׂיָיה וְהַהִּתְהוּוֹת יֵשׁ מֵאַיִן, שֶׁזֶּהוּ לְמַעְלָה מֵהִשְׁתַּלִשְׁלוּתיּי. Meaning that from this service, i.e. our service of Hashem in a way of 'Mesirus Nefesh-giving ourselves over to Hashem,' we are able 'יוֹשׁשׁוֹת' to make' and create everything in the world 'something-from-nothing,' from a level higher than the chainlike descent of worlds.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>69</sup> וְעַיֵּין מַה שָׁנִתְבָּאֵר מִזֶּה בְּדִּבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "צַו אֶת בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל כוּ**׳, אֶת הַכְּבֶשׁ הָאָחָד תַּעֲשֶׂה** כוּ*''"* (לַעֵּיל פִּנָחָס עח, ג־ד).

ְוָהַיְינוּ עַל יְדֵי "וְעִמְּךָ **לֹא חָפַּצְתִּי**" (תְּהִלִּים שג, כה), אֲשֶׁר פֵירוּשׁ "חֵפֶץ" הוּא הַתְּשׁוּקָה הַפָּנִימִית<sup>ה</sup>, This is through the inner love for Hashem, to the point that "I don't hashem, to the point that "I don't 'קפַּאָהִי desire anything together with you," since the word 'תַּפֶּאָה' means a very inward desire and yearning,

וְהַיְינוּ עַל יְדֵי שֶׁיּתְבּוֹנֵן שֶׁכָּל הָעוֹלְמוֹת הוּא רַק בְּחִינַת זְמָן, שֶׁהוּא בְּחִינַת הִתְּפַּשְׁטוּת הֶאָרָה אַחַת כַּנַ"ל, וּכְלָא חָשִׁיב לְגַמְרֵי לְגַבֵּי מָהוּתוֹ וְעַצְמוּתוֹ יִתְבָּרֵךְ שֶׁלְמַעְלָה מַעְלָה מִבְּחִינַת זְמַן״. which comes from thinking about the fact that all of the worlds only derive from the level of time, and all of time is just one thought of Hashem, one single, limited revelation of Hashem that contains all of time and space at once, which is like absolutely nothing, compared to Hashem, Who in His very Essence and Being is above and beyond the category of time.

וְלָזֶה נִתְקְנוּ עֲשֶׂרֶת יְמֵי תְשׁוּבְה: שֶׁיֵשׁ עֶשֶׂר סְפִירוֹת בְּנֶפֶשׁ הָאָדָם – ג' שִׂכְלִיִים וְז' מִדּוֹת, וְצָרִיךְ לְהַעֲלוֹתָם כּוּלָן לַה' בִּבְחִינַת תְשׁוּבָה, עַד יוֹם־הַבְּפּוּרִים, שֶׁהוּא לְמַעְלָה כְּדְכְתִיב (אַחֲרֵי טז, ל): "לִ**פְנֵי ה'** תִּטְהָרוּ", וֹהִיינוּ על ידי תּשׁוּבה.

This is why the Sages established Ten Days of Teshuva: There are ten soul powers in a person - three intellectual and seven emotional - and all ten of these aspects need to be elevated to Hashem through Teshuva, until Yom Kippur, when a Jew reaches the highest level, as it is written regarding Yom Kippur, (Vayikra 16:30) "You shall be purified before Havaya," meaning on a level before/higher than Hashem's Name of Havayah. This elevation is accomplished through Teshuva.

ּ וְדֶרֶךְ פְּרָט יֵשׁ בִּתְשׁוּכָה גַּם כֵּן ב' מַדְרֵגוֹת – תִּשׁוּבָה־תַּתַּאָה וּתִשׁוּבָה־עִילַאָה: In particular, in Teshuva itself there are two levels - 'Teshuva Tita'a-Lower Level Teshuva,' and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>70</sup> וּכְמוֹ שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר בְּדָבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "וְשַׂמְתִּי כַּדְכֹד", גַּבֵּי "**לְאַרְנֵי חֵפֶץ**" (לְעֵיל פָּרָשַׁת רְאֵה כו, ב).

י וְעַיֵּין מַה שֶׁנְתְבָּאֵר בְּדָבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "מִי אֵל כָּמוֹךְ" (לִקְמַן רֹאשׁ הַשַּׁנָה סא, א וַאֵילַרְ).

*'Teshuva Ila'a*-Higher Level Teshuva.'

קְשׁוּבָה־תַּתָּאָה הִיא בִּבְחִינַת מְמַלֵּא
שׁבַּנָּפָשׁ, הַיִינוּ בְּמַחֲשָׁבָה דְבוּר ומַעֲשֶׂה
הַנִּמְשָׁכִים מֵהַשֵּׁכֶל וּמִדּוֹת, לְקַשְׁרָן כּוּלָן
אַלַיוֹ יִתבַּרָךְ כַּל אֲחַד לִפִּי עַרְכּוֹ.
אַלַיוֹ יִתבַּרַךְ כַּל אֲחַד לִפִּי עַרְכּוֹ.

'Teshuva Tita'a-Lower Level Teshuva' is on the 'Memalei-permeating' level of the soul, which is expressed in one's thought, speech, and action, by connecting all of these aspects to Hashem, each person according to his capacity.

וְזֶהוּ עִנְיַן "בְּכָל **לְבָבְרֶ**" – בִּשְׁנֵי יְצָרֶירְ<sup>יֵז</sup>, "וּבְכָל נַפְשֶׁךְ".

This level of Teshuva corresponds to the love of Hashem "בְּבֶל לְבָבְןּ with all aspects of your heart," by revealing the hidden love of the Divine soul and transforming the material desires of the animal soul, and "בְּבֶל נַפְּשֶׁךְּ -with all of your soul [garments]," meaning with thought, speech, and action.

אַךְ תְּשׁוּבָה־עִילָּאָה הוּא בְּחִינַת סוֹבֵב שֶׁבַּנֶּפֶשׁ, בְּחִינַת "בְּכָל מְאֹדֶךָ". However, 'Teshuva Ila'a-Higher Level Teshuva,' corresponds to the 'Soveiv-encompassing' level of the soul, which is expressed in the love of Hashem "בְּלַ מְאֹדֶךְ" with all of your might."

ְוָגַם בְּחִינָה זוֹ הוּא "קָרוֹב אֵלֶיךְ", כְּמוֹ שֶׁבָּתוֹב: "כִּי קָרוֹב אֵלֶיךְ הַדְּבָר מְאֹד", Even this level is "accessible to you," as it says, "בָּי בֶּרוֹב אֵלֶיךְ הַּאוֹר for this matter of הַנָּבָר מְאוֹר ,' i.e. the love of Hashem 'בְּכָל מְאֹרֶ הַי -with all your might,' is near and accessible to you,"

The simple meaning of "בִּי קְרוֹב אֵלֶיךְ הַדָּבָר מְאֹד" is that the matter of Torah and Mitzvos is "מְאֹד" very accessible/close' and "מְאֹד" means 'very.' Here, the Alter Rebbe is interpreting the word 'מְאֹד" as a reference to the limitlessness of Hashem in the verse "בְּכָל מְאֹדֶךְ" as a reference to the limitlessness of this

27 (בְּרָכוֹת נד, א).

interpretation, the verse means to say that the love of Hashem that is referred to as 'מָאֹר' is 'בְּרוֹב' -accessible.'

וְכַנַ"ל בְּפֵירוּשׁ ""[כִּי הַמִּצְוָה הַזֹּאת אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכִי מְצַוְּךָ הַיּוֹם לֹא נִפְלֵאת הָוֹא מִמְּךָ) וְלֹא רְחוֹקָה הִיֹּא כוּ', כִּי קָרוֹב [אֵלֶיךָ הַדָּבָר מְאֹד בְּפִיךָ וּבִלְבָבְךְ לעשתוֹ] כוּ'".:

As we explained above, at the beginning of the maamar, meaning of the double expression in the verse, "בּי הַמִּצְוָה הַוֹּאח. for this Mitzvah אַשר אַנכִי-that I, Hashem's Essence, מצור היום-command you today, לא נפלאת הוא ממך-1-it is not separate from you ולא רחקה הוא -2-and it is not far, בי קרוב אליךrather, it is accessible to you הַדֶּבֶר -מאד -even the 'מאד-unlimited' level of the soul, בפיך-in your mouth, through Torah study on the 'מאד' unlimited' level, זבלבבף-and in your heart, through deep Teshuva, when you connect to the 'מארunlimited' aspect of Hashem, so that you can make newthe Torah and the creation of the world."

The first expression, 'לֹא נַפְלֵאח' - not separate,' refers to the revealed level of the Torah that is already part of the Jewish soul from before he was born, and connects the revealed 'Memalei' level of the soul to the 'Mamalei' level of Hashem's Light.

The second expression, 'רְלֹא רְחֹקָה הְוֹא - and it is not far,' refers to the deeper, hidden level of the Torah that is from 'Soveiv,' and connects the 'Soveiv' level of the soul to the 'Soveiv' aspect of Hashem. This deeper level connection between the soul, the Torah, and Hashem, is related to the phrase 'בְּאִר unlimited,' since on this level Jews, Torah and Hashem all exist beyond time and express something that is higher than the limits of logic.

The verse tells us that even this deeper level of the soul, the 'מְאֹד -unlimited' level, is ' קרוב -accessible' to us, since it is our true essence. This is true even though we are not always conscious of it. Through this deeper level of the soul, we connect to the 'מְאֹד -unlimited' aspect of the Torah and Hashem.

How do we access this deeper level of the soul? Through two things:

- 1- Contemplation of the fact that all of creation (all of time and space), is only one single 'thought' of Hashem. This 'thought' is only a miniscule revelation of Hashem, like one ray of light compared to the entire sun. Hashem's True Being and Essence is a totally different category of existence than that of anything He revealed or created. Based on this understanding, one need not have any desire for anything other than Hashem Himself. And if one need not have any desire for even the highest spiritual levels, how much more is there no reason to desire anything in this physical world!
- 2- True Teshuva from the depths of the soul. A Jew must realize that his soul comes from the Highest Heights, from Hashem's very Essence. This soul descended to the lowest possible level, becoming completely submerged in physicality to the extent that not only does one not have the same connection to Hashem that he had before, but he sometimes completely forgets about holiness and Hashem entirely, and can do something against Hashem's very Will! When he realizes how far he is from his source in Hashem, he will be completely shaken up and cry out in his heart to Hashem, yearning to return to Him.

Through this deeper level of love of Hashem and deep Teshuva, we can access the essence of our soul. On that level, we connect to Hashem's very Essence. From there, we are able to bring about a new revelation into the Torah, 'making' the Torah new, as it were. And from there, we bring about a new desire from Hashem to re-create the entire world. This is especially important on Rosh Hashanah, when we need to renew Hashem's Desire to re-create the life of the entire world for the entire year.

## Hosafos/Addendum

## Mashal/Analogy of the Baal Shem Tov for the Shofar:

To better understand one way to come to deep Teshuva on Rosh Hashanah, we will bring an analogy/mashal from the holy Baal Shem Tov, explaining the idea of the cry of the Shofar:

## Mashal/Analogy:

A king had a son that he wished would succeed him as king. He wanted his son to know how to take care of himself, how to learn on his own, and how to be courageous and come up with ideas on his own initiative. So, after years of learning in the palace with his tutors, the king sent his son off to a faraway land so that his son should grow up and become his own person.

The king gave him fancy clothing, gold and silver, and ministers, to help him get established in his new place.

When the king sent him off, he reminded him, "Remember, you are on a mission! Do not get distracted by anything!"

Soon after the son arrived, he began to relax. He did not spend time learning from his new culture. Instead, he spent all his money on luxuries and he ruined his fancy clothing. The ministers that were with him left him because they saw that he was not accomplishing anything.

Eventually, he became so poor that he had to go around collecting tzedakah. He even forgot the language of his home country, the language spoken in the palace of the king.

One day, signs started to go up all over town: The great king is coming through this town! Everyone in town was very excited and made the necessary preparations for such an honorable visitor. The son of the king found out that this kind is his father and become excited, but he soon became disheartened, thinking that no one would believe him that he is the son of the king. He tried to come close to the king as the king was passing through, but the guards just pushed him away, thinking he was just some beggar who would disgrace the king. He could not even remember the language of the king, so he just broke down crying and sobbing.

The king heard the crying and recognized his son's voice. He told the guards to let the apparent beggar through. Finally, the son was reunited with his father! He had a true feeling of regret for how he completely forgot about his mission, and he promised his father, the king, that he learned his lesson and will stay on track in life.

## The Nimshal/Analogue:

Our Neshama was sent by Hashem, Avinu Malkeinu-our Father and King- to this world to accomplish Hashem's intent and purpose of creation. This is fulfilled through learning Torah and fulfilling Mitzvos. Hashem gives us the power to fulfill the mission. But we get distracted from the mission and get caught up in other things. We ruin our "royal garments" of thought, speech, deed of Torah and Mitzvos, and we forget the meaning of the Torah and Tefilla, the "language of the King." When we hear that Hashem is coming to judge the whole world, we get excited that this is our chance to come close to Hashem. But we become disheartened when we realize how far we are from knowing the "language of the King." The only way to reach Hashem is through the simple cry that comes from knowing that He is our True Father and that we are his children, and that what we want more than anything is to come back to Hashem and fulfill the mission that He sent us on. This simple cry is the cry of the Shofar.

### **Likutay Torah English translation project:**

The original text of the maamarim with נקודות and punctuation is presented side by side with a phrase-by-phrase translation and explanation. The translation of the text is in **bold** whereas the commentary is in regular font. The explanations of general concepts that are not directly relevant to understanding the flow of the maamar are in footnotes.

All of the commentary of the Tzemach Tzedek printed with brackets in the original Likutay Torah have been moved to the Hebrew footnotes and left untranslated.

#### The Goal

The main purpose of this project is to enable the reader to learn the Likutay Torah in the original. By learning the words, structure, and concepts of the maamarim, eventually they should be able to learn it by themselves in the original.

The Ma'amarim of LIKUTEI TORAH and TORAH OR are copyright by the Kehot Publication Society, a division of Merkos L'inyonei Chinuch Inc., and are reprinted here with special permission. To purchase the original visit www.Kehot.com.

I would like to thank: Kehot for permission to use the text of the maamarim, the administrator of the נקודות מנוקד project for helping with the נקודות and punctuation, to see any Maamar from Torah Or/Likutay Torah with נקודות go to his website <a href="www.ChassidutBehirah.com">www.ChassidutBehirah.com</a>, to R' Baruch Katz for creating and managing the website, and Rabbi Yitzchok Miller for editing.

# לזכות חיזוק ההתקשרות לכייק אדמוייר נשיא דורנו

שרצונו הקי שכל אחד ואחת ילמדו תורה אור ולקוטי תורה שעיייז מזרזים הגאולה האמיתית והשלימה

\*\*\*

לזכות כל ילדי החסידים שיתנו חסידישע נחת לכייק אדמוייר ולהוריהם שיחיו

ולזכות יוסף יצחק בן ביילא איטא ולאה בת חנה דבורה רייזל וכל יוצאי חלציהם שיחיו, שיזכו ללמוד חסידות וליליך בדרכי החסידות, ויפוצו מעיינות אור החסידות

## Sponsored by:

Rabbi Roberto and Margie Szerer, in loving memory of

Gladys Szerer-Sarah Bat Shalom Z"L

Victor Sasson-Victor Chayim Ben Saul Z"L

Enrique Szerer-Hersh Ben Aryeh Meyer HaCohen Z"L

Andrea Szerer-Leah Bat Chayim HaCohen Z"L

לעילוי נשמת אבי מורי רי חיים משה בן רי אהרן לייב הכהן הכיימ

\*\*\*

Every maamar from the entire Torah Or/Likutei Torah with nekudos and punctuation is available on: www.ChassidutBehirah.com

Did you enjoy this maamar? Please consider partnering in this project making Likutei Torah/Torah Or available to many!

To partner by giving monthly (or one time) go to <a href="https://www.DonorBox.org/LearnChassidus">www.DonorBox.org/LearnChassidus</a>

To view previous maamarim translations, go to www.LearnChassidus.com

To place a hakdasha in an upcoming maamar, contact me <a href="lessonsinlikutaytorah@gmail.com">lessonsinlikutaytorah@gmail.com</a>